



Sewall Wetland Consulting, Inc.

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Fall City, WA 98024

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RECEIVED
2/12/24
COMMUNITY
DEVELOPMENT
P23-116

January 8, 2024

Pooya Roohani
210 Strande Road
Ellensburg, Washington 98926

RE: Critical Area Report – Pierce Plat/Parcels #296233, 136233 &
959777
City of Ellensburg, Washington
SWC Job #22-102

Dear Pooya,

This report describes our observations of any jurisdictional wetlands, streams and/or buffers on or within 250' of Parcels #296233, 136233 & 959777, also known as the “Pierce Plat” located at 2900 North Airport Road in the City of Ellensburg, Washington. The irregular shaped 18.38 acre site is located within the NE ¼ of Section 25 Township 18 North, Range 18 East of the W.M in Kittitas County, Washington. .



Above: Vicinity Map of site



Above: Aerial photograph of the study area from Kittitas Mapsifter website.

METHODOLOGY

Ed Sewall of Sewall Wetland Consulting, Inc. inspected the site and areas within 250' of the site on March 14, 2022 and September 21, 2022.

The site was reviewed using methodology described in the ***Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Arid West Region (Version 2.0)*** (USACOE September 2008) as required by the US Army Corps of Engineers starting in June of 2009. This is the methodology currently recognized by the City of Ellensburg for wetland determinations and delineations. The site was also reviewed using methodology described in Soil colors were identified using the 1990 Edited and Revised Edition of the ***Munsell Soil Color Charts*** (Kollmorgen Instruments Corp. 1990.

Wetlands in Kittitas County are rated using the 2014 Washington State Department of Ecology Washington State *Wetland Rating System for*

Eastern Washington, 2014 Update dated June 2014 Publication No. 14-06-018.

The ordinary high water mark (OHWM) of any streams was located based upon the criteria described in the *Washington Department of Ecology draft publication Determining The Ordinary High Water Mark on Streams In Washington State* (WADOE Publication 08-06-001, March 2008).

Note: Our observations were generally limited to the area of the site between North Airport Road and Mercer Creek. The area east of Mercer Creek was not reviewed in detail as it was being actively grazed by cattle at the time of our site inspection.

OBSERVATIONS

Existing Site Documentation.

Prior to visiting the site, a review of several natural resource inventory maps was conducted. Resources reviewed included the Kittitas Taxsifter website, National Wetland Inventory Map, WDNR Fpars Stream Typing Map, Kittitas County flood & critical areas mapping, WDFW Priority Habitats and Species Maps, and the NRCS Soil Survey online mapping and Data.

Kittitas Taxsifter Website

The Kittitas Taxsifter website with streams and wetland layers activated depicts Mercer Creek along the eastern side of the site. In addition emergent wetland is depicted to the east side of the creek. The Cascade Canal, a large irrigation canal is also depicted as a linear emergent wetland.



Above: Aerial photograph of the study area from Kittitas Mapsifter website with wetland and DNR water type layers activated.

National Wetlands Inventory (NWI)

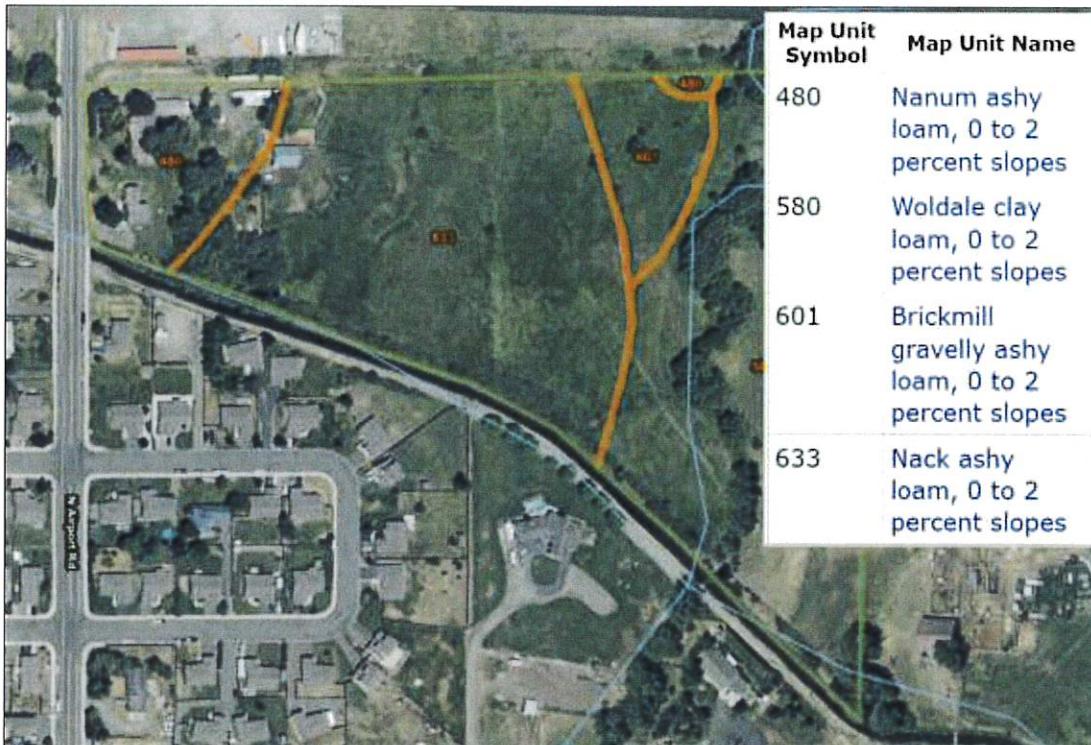
The NWI map depicts the same wetlands and streams as the Kittitas County website. In fact the Taxsifter mapping was taken from the NWI maps. These wetlands were interpreted from aerial photographs by the US Fish and Wildlife Service using 2017 aerial photographs with no ground-truthing.



Above: NWI map of the area of the site

Soil Survey

According to the NRCS Soil Mapper website, the site is mapped as containing Brickmill gravelly, ashy loam, Nack Ashy loam, And Nack ashy loam. Nanum and Nack soils are "somewhat poorly drained" and Brickmill soils are moderately well drained. All of these soils are formed in alluvium with some volcanic ash in the upper part. None of these soils are considered "hydric" or wetland soils according to the publication Hydric Soils of the United States (USDA NTCHS Pub No.1491, 1991).



Above: NRCS soil map of the site.

WADNR FPARS website

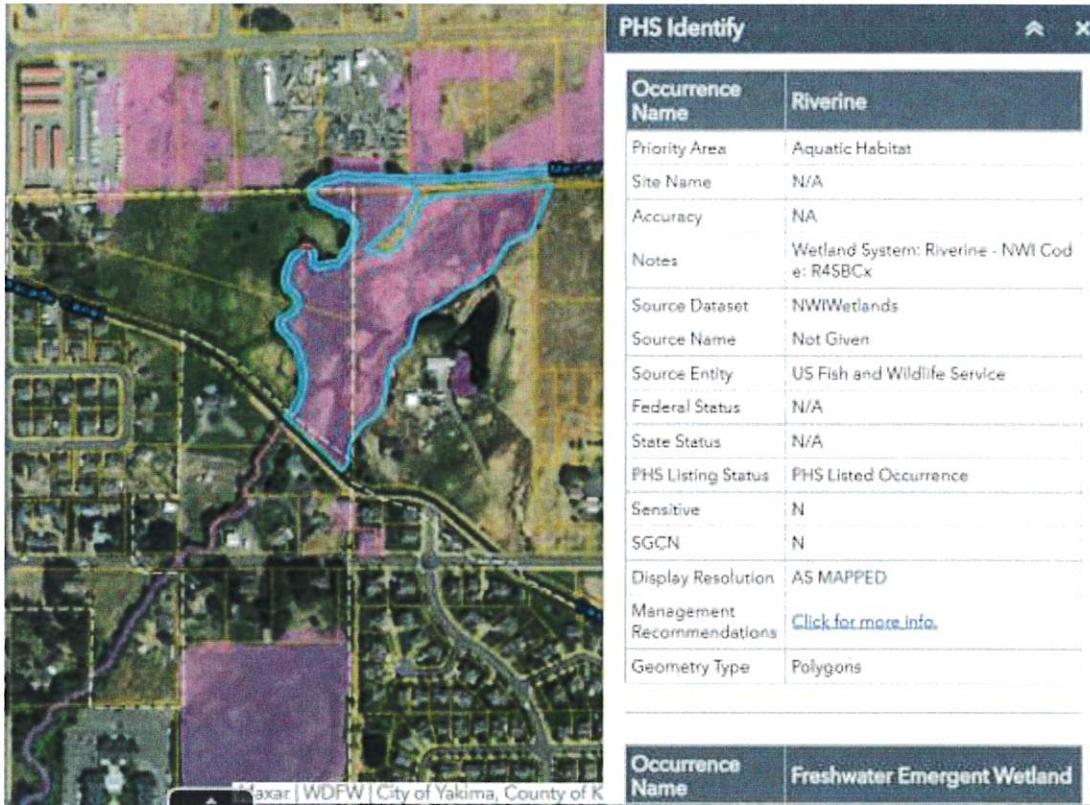
According to the WADNR FPARS website with stream types layers activated, Mercer Creek is depicted as an unclassified stream.



Above: WDNR Fpars Stream Mapping of the area of the site.

WDFW Priority Habitats and Species Maps

The WDFW Priority Habitats and Species mapping for the site depicts the same streams and wetlands identified on the NWI and WDNR Fpars mapping.



Above : WDFW Priority Habitat Mapping of the site. Purple shading represents wetlands on this map and light blue streams/ditches.

Field observations

The site includes several single-family homes on the western side of the site bordering N. Airport Road, as well as several outbuildings and agricultural buildings. The Cascade Canal, a major irrigation canal borders the south side of the site. This earthen canal was dry at the time of our site visit. A gravel road passes along the north side of the site extending to Mercer Creek. The remains of an old bridge are present in this area as well as an unused concrete irrigation diversion. The majority of the site is fallow pasture land. A main irrigation ditch passes to the west from the concrete diversion on Mercer Creek and then drain south and through the fallow pastures, draining to the Cascade Canal.

The historic irrigation of the site has been shut off for 2+ years and as a result the ditches and site are generally dry with the exception of some small wetland areas along Mercer Creek where overflow from the creek create wetland conditions.

The area round the single-family homes contains landscaped areas and maintained lawns. Ornamental trees as well as several cottonwoods are present in this area. There is also a small stand of willows that were historically flooded by back flow from the Cascade Canal onto the site. This area has since been blocked off cutting off this water.

The majority of the site is vegetated with typical pasture grasses and weeds including bentgrass, tall fescue, cheatgrass, tumble mustard, scattered hawthorne and rose.

The soils throughout the agricultural fields were found to be a cobbly silt loam with soil chromas of 2 or 3 with no hydric soil indicators or evidence of wetland hydrology.

One stream (Mercer Creek) and several small lobes of emergent wetland are present along the west side of the creek. Below is a description of these areas;

Streams

As previously stated, Mercer Creek is located on the east side of the site. The western ordinary high water mark (OHWM) was flagged with blue flags labeled W1-W34. The stream passes under the Cascade Canal at the south side of the site.

As previously stated, a gated, concrete diversion is located at the north end of the site. This was previously used to irrigate the site, diverting flows from Mercer Creek through a series of ditches on the site. This has been shut off for several years now.

The stream is topographically well defined with a bank. The stream itself is 8'-10' in width with a cobble and gravel bottom. The immediate stream buffer is vegetated with a mix of Hawthorne, willow, cottonwood, rose and reed canary grass.

Mercer Creek is a fish bearing water or a Type F stream.

According to Ellensburg Municipal Code (EMC) 15.650.040.D.2, Type F streams including Mercer Creek have an 85' buffer measured from the ordinary high water mark.

Type S Streams: Yakima River	250 feet
Type F Streams: Reecer Creek; Currier Creek; Whiskey Creek; Wilson Creek (including West and East Branches); Mercer Creek	85 feet
Type F Streams: Lyle Creek	50 feet
Type Np and Ns Streams and Ponds: Englehorn Pond; West Interchange Ponds	50 feet

Wetlands

Three small overflow areas from Mercer Creek are located on the west side of the creek. These appear to be areas that receive overflow water from the creek when it floods. These areas are all similar in character and were flagged with flags A1-A5, B1-B4, and C1-C6/CC1-CC7. All of these areas are emergent in character and are vegetated with a mix of reed canary grass, sedge, timothy and Baltic rush.

Soil pits excavated within these areas revealed a silt loam with a B-horizon soil matrix colors ranging from 2-1 with common, medium, distinct, redoximorphic concentrations. Soils saturated at the surface during our early growing season observation of the wetland and dry during the late September observations.

Using the 2014 Washington State Department of Ecology Washington State *Wetland Rating System for Eastern Washington, 2014 Update* dated June 2014 Publication No. 14-06-018, and rating these identical wetland areas as a “depressional” wetland, this wetland scored a total of 13 points with 4 for habitat. This indicates a Category IV wetland. Since the wetland also has a riverine character the wetland was also reviewed as a Riverine wetland and scored a total of 15 points with 3 for habitat, also a Category IV wetland.

According to EMC 15.620.030.E.10.c, Category IV wetlands have a 50' buffer measured from the wetland edge. This can be reduced to 40' with incorporation of the measures in Table 15.620.030(E)(2) which include

Proposed Project

As can be seen on the attached Plat maps of the proposed Pierce Plat, the site is proposed to be developed into a 44 lot residential plat with associated infrastructure. All development is proposed west of the creek and associated wetlands. The proposed plat will not impact any wetlands, streams or their associated buffers.

If you have any questions in regards to this report or need additional information, please feel free to contact me at (253) 859-0515 or at esewall@sewallwc.com .

Sincerely,
Sewall Wetland Consulting, Inc.



Ed Sewall
Senior Wetlands Ecologist PWS #212

Attached: Site Plan
Data sheets
Rating Form & Associated exhibits

REFERENCES

Cowardin, L., V. Carter, F. Golet, and E. LaRoe. 1979. Classification of Wetlands and Deepwater Habitats of the United States. U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, FWS/OBS-79-31, Washington, D. C.

Environmental Laboratory. 1987. Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual, Technical Report Y-87-1. U. S. Army Corps of Engineers Waterways Experiment Station, Vicksburg, Mississippi.

City of Ellensburg Municipal Code

Muller-Dombois, D. and H. Ellenberg. 1974. Aims and Methods of Vegetation Ecology. John Wiley & Sons, Inc. New York, New York.

Munsell Color. 1988. Munsell Soil Color Charts. Kollmorgen Instruments Corp., Baltimore, Maryland.

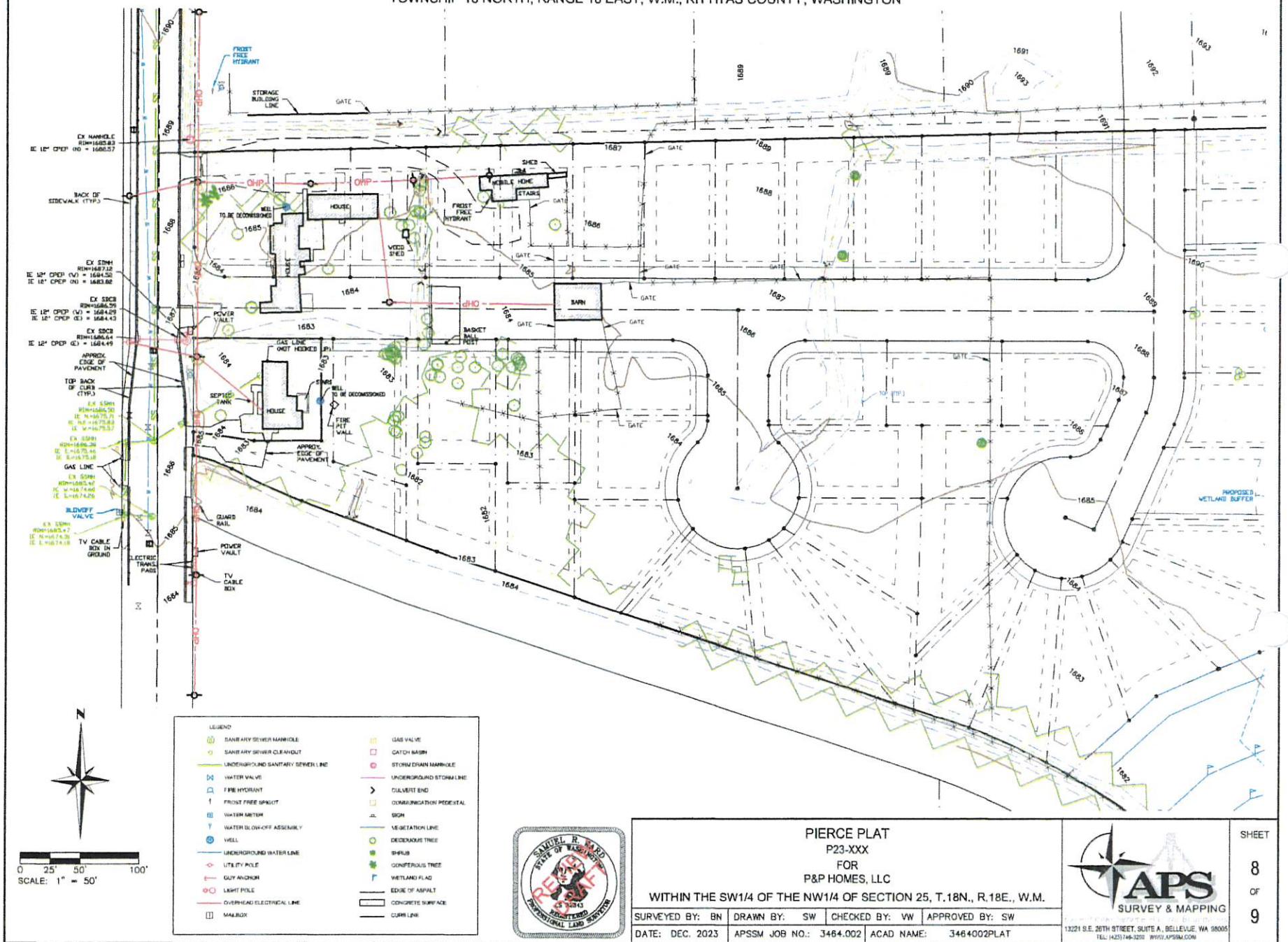
National Technical Committee for Hydric Soils. 1991. Hydric Soils of the United States. USDA Misc. Publ. No. 1491.

Reed, P., Jr. 1988. National List of Plant Species that Occur in Wetlands: Northwest (Region 9). 1988. U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Inland Freshwater Ecology Section, St. Petersburg, Florida.

Reed, P.B. Jr. 1993. 1993 Supplement to the list of plant species that occur in wetlands: Northwest (Region 9). USFWS supplement to Biol. Rpt. 88(26.9) May 1988.

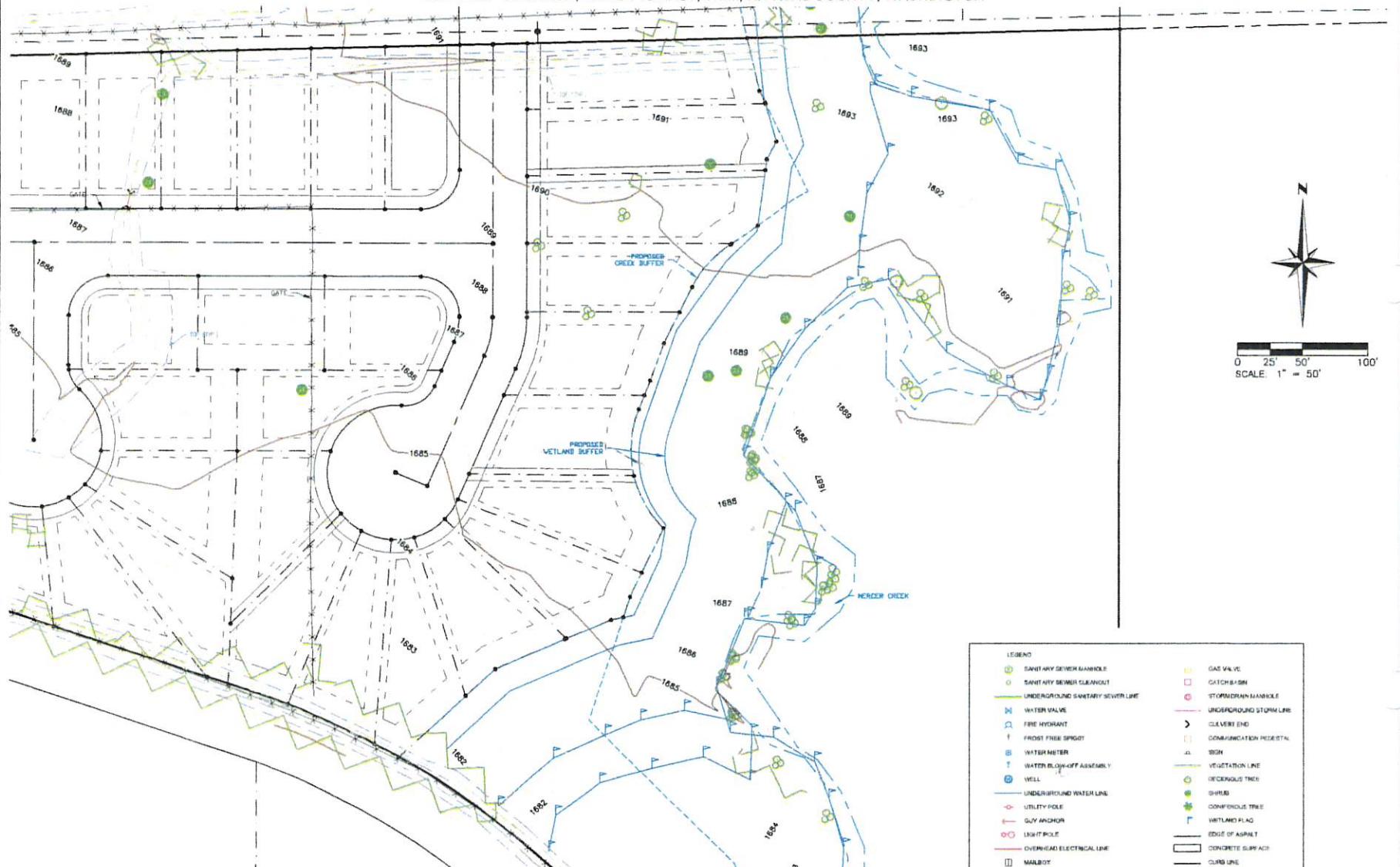
USDA NRCS & National Technical Committee for Hydric Soils, September 1995. Field Indicators of Hydric Soils in the United States - Version 2.1

PIERCE PLAT
 WITHIN THE SW1/4 OF THE NW1/4 OF SECTION 25,
 TOWNSHIP 18 NORTH, RANGE 18 EAST, W.M., KITTIKAS COUNTY, WASHINGTON



PIERCE PLAT

WITHIN THE SW1/4 OF THE NW1/4 OF SECTION 25,
TOWNSHIP 18 NORTH, RANGE 18 EAST, W.M., KITTITAS COUNTY, WASHINGTON



PIERCE PLAT
P23-XXX
FOR
P&P HOMES, LLC
WITHIN THE SW1/4 OF THE NW1/4 OF SECTION 25, T.18N., R.18E., W.M.
SURVEYED BY: BN DRAWN BY: SW CHECKED BY: VW APPROVED BY: SW
DATE: DEC. 2023 APSSM JOB NO.: 3464.002 ACAD NAME: 3464002PLAT

9
of
9
APS
SURVEY & MAPPING
13221 S.E. 20TH STREET, SUITE A, BELLEVUE, WA 98005
TEL: (425)744-3290 WWW.APSM.COM

SHEET
9
OF
9

North side
of East Arc

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: <u>Pierce Plat</u>	City/County: <u>Ellensburg</u>	Sampling Date: <u>3-14-22</u>	
Applicant/Owner: <u>Ed Smith</u>	State: <u>WA</u>	Sampling Point: <u>DP#1</u>	
Investigator(s): <u>Ed Smith</u>	Section, Township, Range:		
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.):	Local relief (concave, convex, none):	Slope (%):	
Subregion (LRR):	Lat: _____	Long: _____	Datum: _____
Soil Map Unit Name: _____		NW classification: _____	
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> (If no, explain in Remarks.)			
Are Vegetation <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> , Soil <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> , or Hydrology <input type="checkbox"/> significantly disturbed?		Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	
Are Vegetation _____, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)			

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>		
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>		
Remarks:	<i>grazed + historically irrigated pasture</i>		

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: _____)		Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1.					Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>3</u> (A)
2.					Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>3</u> (B)
3.					Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100</u> (A/B)
4.					
		= Total Cover			
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: _____)					Prevalence Index worksheet:
1.					Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____
2.					OBL species: _____ x 1 = _____
3.					FACW species: _____ x 2 = _____
4.					FAC species: _____ x 3 = _____
5.					FACU species: _____ x 4 = _____
		= Total Cover			
Herb Stratum (Plot size: _____)					UPL species: _____ x 5 = _____
1.	<i>Agrostis spp.</i>	<u>30</u>	<i>FAC</i>		Column Totals: (A) _____ (B) _____
2.	<i>Phalaris canariensis</i>	<u>30</u>	<i>FACW</i>		Prevalence Index = B/A = _____
3.	<i>Thermopsis nervosa</i>	<u>30</u>	<i>FACU</i>		
4.					
5.					
6.					
7.					
8.					
		= Total Cover			
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)					
1.					
2.					
		= Total Cover			
% Bare Ground In Herb Stratum _____		% Cover of Biotic Crust _____		Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
Remarks:					

just west of
wet A/C

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: <u>Pierce Plat</u>	City/County: <u>Ellensburg</u>	Sampling Date: <u>3-14-22</u>
Applicant/Owner: <u>Ed Small</u>	State: <u>WA</u>	Sampling Point: <u>DP#2</u>
Investigator(s): <u>Ed Small</u>	Section, Township, Range: _____	
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): _____	Local relief (concave, convex, none): _____ Slope (%): _____	
Subregion (LRR): _____	Lat: _____	Long: _____ Datum: _____
Soil Map Unit Name: _____ NWI classification: _____		
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> (If no, explain in Remarks.)		
Are Vegetation <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Soil <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> or Hydrology <input type="checkbox"/> significantly disturbed?		Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
Are Vegetation <input type="checkbox"/> Soil <input type="checkbox"/> or Hydrology <input type="checkbox"/> naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)		

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	Hydric Soil Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Remarks: <u>grazed + historically irrigated pasture</u>			

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

<u>Tree Stratum</u> (Plot size: _____)	<u>Absolute % Cover</u>	<u>Dominant Indicator Species?</u>	<u>Status</u>	Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>2</u> (A)
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B)
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100</u> (A/B)
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
	= Total Cover			
<u>Sapling/Shrub Stratum</u> (Plot size: _____)				Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	OBL species _____ x 1 = _____
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACW species _____ x 2 = _____
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	FAC species _____ x 3 = _____
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACU species _____ x 4 = _____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	UPL species _____ x 5 = _____
	= Total Cover			Column Totals: _____ (A) _____ (B)
				Prevalence Index = B/A = _____
<u>Herb Stratum</u> (Plot size: _____)	<u>A</u>	<u>FAC</u>		Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
1. <u>Ajuga 30%</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>FAC</u>		Dominance Test is >50%
2. <u>Festuca 30%</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>FAC</u>		Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____	
	= Total Cover			
<u>Woody Vine Stratum</u> (Plot size: _____)				
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
	= Total Cover			
<u>% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum</u> _____	<u>% Cover of Biotic Crust</u> _____	Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes _____	<input type="checkbox"/> No _____
Remarks: _____				

SOIL

Sampling Point: DP # 2

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)

- Histosol (A1)
- Histic Epipedon (A2)
- Black Histic (A3)
- Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)
- Stratified Layers (A5) (**LRR C**)
- 1 cm Muck (A9) (**LRR D**)
- Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)
- Thick Dark Surface (A12)
- Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)
- Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)
- Sandy Redox (S5)
- Stripped Matrix (S6)
- Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)
- Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
- Depleted Matrix (F3)
- Redox Dark Surface (F6)
- Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
- Redox Depressions (F8)
- Vernal Pools (F9)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

- 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C)
- 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B)
- Reduced Vertic (F18)
- Red Parent Material (TF2)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Restrictive Layer (if present):

Type: _____

Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes No

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)

— Surface Water (A1)	— Salt Crust (B11)
— High Water Table (A2)	— Biotic Crust (B12)
— Saturation (A3)	— Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)
— Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine)	— Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)
— Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine)	— Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)
— Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine)	— Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)
— Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	— Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)
— Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	— Thin Muck Surface (C7)
— Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	— Other (Explain in Remarks)

Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)

- Water Marks (B1) (Riverine)
- Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine)
- Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine)
- Drainage Patterns (B10)
- Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
- Crayfish Burrows (C8)
- Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
- Shallow Aquitard (D3)
- FAC-Neutral Test (D5)

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No _____ Depth (inches): _____

Water Table Present? Yes No Depth (inches): _____

Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (inches): _____
(includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available

Remarks:

wetland near
center

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: <u>Pierce Plat</u>	City/County: <u>Ellensburg</u>	Sampling Date: <u>3-14-22</u>
Applicant/Owner: <u>Ed Small</u>	State: <u>WA</u>	Sampling Point: <u>DP#3</u>
Investigator(s): <u>Ed Small</u>	Section, Township, Range: _____	
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): _____	Local relief (concave, convex, none): _____ Slope (%): _____	
Subregion (LRR): _____	Lat: _____	Long: _____ Datum: _____
Soil Map Unit Name: _____ NWI classification: _____		
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> (If no, explain in Remarks.)		
Are Vegetation <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> , Soil <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> or Hydrology <input type="checkbox"/> significantly disturbed?		Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
Are Vegetation <input type="checkbox"/> , Soil <input type="checkbox"/> or Hydrology <input type="checkbox"/> naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)		

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	Hydric Soil Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
Remarks: <i>grazed + historically irrigated pasture</i>			

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

<u>Tree Stratum</u> (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Indicator Species?	Status	<u>Dominance Test worksheet:</u> Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>3</u> (A)
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>3</u> (B)
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>1 a</u> (A/B)
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
	_____	= Total Cover		
<u>Sapling/Shrub Stratum</u> (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Indicator Species?	Status	<u>Prevalence Index worksheet:</u> Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	OBL species _____ x 1 = _____
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACW species _____ x 2 = _____
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	FAC species _____ x 3 = _____
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACU species _____ x 4 = _____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	UPL species _____ x 5 = _____
	_____	= Total Cover		Column Totals: _____ (A) _____ (B)
				Prevalence Index = B/A = _____
<u>Herb Stratum</u> (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Indicator Species?	Status	<u>Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:</u>
1. <i>Carex spp</i>	<u>20</u>	<i>FAC</i>		— Dominance Test is >50%
2. <i>Phalaris arundinacea</i>	<u>60</u>	<i>FACW</i>		— Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
3. <i>Phleum pratense</i>	<u>20</u>	<i>FAC</i>		— Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	— Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____	
	_____	= Total Cover		
<u>Woody Vine Stratum</u> (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Indicator Species?	Status	
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
	_____	= Total Cover		
<u>% Bare Ground In Herb Stratum</u> _____	<u>% Cover of Biotic Crust</u> _____	<u>Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?</u>	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	
Remarks:				

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: <u>Pierce Plat</u>	City/County: <u>Ellensburg</u>	Sampling Date: <u>3-14-22</u>
Applicant/Owner: <u>Ed Smith</u>	State: <u>WA</u>	Sampling Point: <u>DP#4</u>
Investigator(s): <u>Ed Smith</u>	Section, Township, Range: _____	
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): _____	Local relief (concave, convex, none): _____ Slope (%): _____	
Subregion (LRR): _____	Lat: _____	Long: _____ Datum: _____
Soil Map Unit Name: _____ NWI classification: _____		
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> (If no, explain in Remarks.)		
Are Vegetation <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Soil <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> or Hydrology <input type="checkbox"/> significantly disturbed?		Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
Are Vegetation <input type="checkbox"/> Soil <input type="checkbox"/> or Hydrology <input type="checkbox"/> naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)		

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
Remarks:	<u>grazed + historically irrigated pasture</u>		

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

<u>Tree Stratum</u> (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>2</u> (A)
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B)
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100</u> (A/B)
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
= Total Cover				Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____ OBL species: _____ x 1 = _____ FACW species: _____ x 2 = _____ FAC species: _____ x 3 = _____ FACU species: _____ x 4 = _____ UPL species: _____ x 5 = _____ Column Totals: <u>(A)</u> <u>(B)</u>
<u>Sapling/Shrub Stratum</u> (Plot size: _____)	_____	_____	_____	Prevalence Index = B/A = _____
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	— Dominance Test is >50%
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	— Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	— Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	— Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
6. _____	_____	_____	_____	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____	
= Total Cover				
<u>Herb Stratum</u> (Plot size: _____)	<u>Festuca spp</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>FAC</u>	
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____	
= Total Cover				
<u>Woody Vine Stratum</u> (Plot size: _____)	_____	_____	_____	
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
= Total Cover				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum _____	% Cover of Biotic Crust _____	Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Remarks:				

SOIL

Sampling Point: D P 4

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix

ns. **²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix**

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)

- Histosol (A1)
- Histic Epipedon (A2)
- Black Histic (A3)
- Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)
- Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR C)
- 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR D)
- Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)
- Thick Dark Surface (A12)
- Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)
- Sandy Gleaved Matrix (S4)
- Sandy Redox (S5)
- Stripped Matrix (S6)
- Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)
- Loamy Gleayed Matrix (F2)
- Depleted Matrix (F3)
- Redox Dark Surface (F6)
- Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
- Redox Depressions (F8)
- Vernal Pools (F9)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

- 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR C)
- 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR B)
- Reduced Vertic (F18)
- Red Parent Material (TF2)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Restrictive Layer (if present):

Type:

Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes No

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required)

Secondary Indicators (3 or more required)

<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Biotic Crust (B12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	<input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes No / / Depth (inches):

Water Table Present? Yes No Depth (inches):

Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (inches):
(includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

Soil wetland

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: Pierce Plat City/County: Ellensburg Sampling Date: 3-14-22
 Applicant/Owner: _____ State: WA Sampling Point: DP#5
 Investigator(s): Ed Smith Section, Township, Range: _____
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): _____ Local relief (concave, convex, none): _____ Slope (%): _____
 Subregion (LRR): _____ Lat: _____ Long: _____ Datum: _____
 Soil Map Unit Name: _____ NWI classification: _____
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation Soil or Hydrology significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No
 Are Vegetation Soil or Hydrology naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>		
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>		
Remarks:	<i>gravel + historically irrigated pasture</i>		

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

<u>Tree Stratum</u> (Plot size: _____)	<u>Absolute % Cover</u>	<u>Dominant Indicator Species?</u>	<u>Status</u>	<u>Dominance Test worksheet:</u>
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>1</u> (A)
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>1</u> (B)
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100</u> (A/B)
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
= Total Cover				
<u>Sapling/Shrub Stratum</u> (Plot size: _____)				<u>Prevalence Index worksheet:</u>
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	OBL species _____ x 1 = _____
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACW species _____ x 2 = _____
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	FAC species _____ x 3 = _____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACU species _____ x 4 = _____
= Total Cover				UPL species _____ x 5 = _____
				Column Totals: _____ (A) _____ (B)
				Prevalence Index = B/A = _____
<u>Herb Stratum</u> (Plot size: _____)				<u>Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:</u>
1. <u>Phalaris arundinacea</u>	<u>red</u>	<u>fall</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Dominance Test is >50% — Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹ — Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) — Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain) 	
2. _____	_____	_____		
3. _____	_____	_____		
4. _____	_____	_____		
5. _____	_____	_____		
6. _____	_____	_____		
7. _____	_____	_____		
8. _____	_____	_____		
= Total Cover				
<u>Woody Vine Stratum</u> (Plot size: _____)				
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
= Total Cover				
<u>% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum</u>	<u>% Cover of Biotic Crust</u>	<u>Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?</u>	<u>Yes</u> <input type="checkbox"/> <u>No</u> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Remarks:				

SOIL

Sampling Point:

DP 11/5

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:			
Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)		Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Riverine)	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Biotic Crust (B12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	<input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)	
Field Observations:			
Surface Water Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Depth (inches): _____	
Water Table Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Depth (inches): _____	
Saturation Present? (includes capillary fringe)	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Depth (inches): <u>- 7 "</u>	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ✓
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:			
Remarks:			

Cute of pasture

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: Pierce Plat City/County: Ellensburg Sampling Date: 3-14-22
 Applicant/Owner: _____ State: WA Sampling Point: DP46
 Investigator(s): Ed Small Section, Township, Range: _____
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): _____ Local relief (concave, convex, none): _____ Slope (%): _____
 Subregion (LRR): _____ Lat: _____ Long: _____ Datum: _____
 Soil Map Unit Name: _____ NWI classification: _____
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation Soil or Hydrology significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No
 Are Vegetation Soil or Hydrology naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
Remarks:	<i>grazed + historically irrigated pasture</i>		

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

<u>Tree Stratum</u> (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Indicator Species?	Status	Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>1</u> (A)
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>1</u> (B)
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100</u> (A/B)
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
	_____	= Total Cover		
<u>Sapling/Shrub Stratum</u> (Plot size: _____)				Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	OBL species _____ x 1 = _____
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACW species _____ x 2 = _____
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	FAC species _____ x 3 = _____
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACU species _____ x 4 = _____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	UPL species _____ x 5 = _____
	_____	= Total Cover		Column Totals: _____ (A) _____ (B)
<u>Herb Stratum</u> (Plot size: _____)				Prevalence Index = B/A = _____
1. <u>Festuca campestris</u>	<u>90</u>	<u>FAC</u>		Dominance Test is >50%
2. <u>Juncus balticus</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>FACW</u>		Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____	
	_____	= Total Cover		
<u>Woody Vine Stratum</u> (Plot size: _____)				
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
	_____	= Total Cover		
<u>% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum</u>	<u>% Cover of Biotic Crust</u>	Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	
Remarks:				

SOIL

Sampling Point: DP#6

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)

- Surface Water (A1)
- High Water Table (A2)
- Saturation (A3)
- Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine)
- Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine)
- Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine)
- Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
- Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)
- Water-Stained Leaves (B9)
- Salt Crust (B11)
- Biotic Crust (B12)
- Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)
- Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)
- Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)
- Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)
- Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)
- Thin Muck Surface (C7)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)

- Water Marks (B1) (Riverine)
- Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine)
- Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine)
- Drainage Patterns (B10)
- Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
- Crayfish Burrows (C8)
- Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
- Shallow Aquitard (D3)
- FAC-Neutral Test (D5)

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes No Depth (inches): 12

Water Table Present? Yes _____ No _____ Depth (inches): _____

Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (inches): _____

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No _____

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

South side

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: Pierce Plat City/County: Ellensburg Sampling Date: 3-14-22

Applicant/Owner: _____ State: WA Sampling Point: DP#7

Investigator(s): Ed Small Section, Township, Range: _____

Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): _____ Local relief (concave, convex, none): _____ Slope (%): _____

Subregion (LRR): _____ Lat: _____ Long: _____ Datum: _____

Soil Map Unit Name: _____ NW classification: _____

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ✓ No _____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)

Are Vegetation ✓, Soil ✓ or Hydrology ✓ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes ✓ No _____

Are Vegetation _____, Soil _____ or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes <u>✓</u> No _____	Hydric Soil Present?	Yes <u>✓</u> No _____	Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes <u>✓</u> No _____	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes <u>✓</u> No _____
Remarks: <u>grazed + historically irrigated pasture</u>							

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: _____)		Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:		
1.	_____	_____	_____	_____	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>1</u> (A)		
2.	_____	_____	_____	_____	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>1</u> (B)		
3.	_____	_____	_____	_____	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100</u> (A/B)		
4.	_____	_____	_____	_____			
		= Total Cover					
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: _____)						Prevalence Index worksheet:	
1.	_____	_____	_____	_____	Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____		
2.	_____	_____	_____	_____	OBL species _____ x 1 = _____		
3.	_____	_____	_____	_____	FACW species _____ x 2 = _____		
4.	_____	_____	_____	_____	FAC species _____ x 3 = _____		
5.	_____	_____	_____	_____	FACU species _____ x 4 = _____		
		= Total Cover					
Herb Stratum (Plot size: _____)		100	FAL	UPL species _____ x 5 = _____			
1.	<u>Agrostis</u> <u>zyp</u>	100	FAL	Column Totals: _____ (A) _____ (B)			
2.	_____	_____	_____	Prevalence Index = B/A = _____			
3.	_____	_____	_____	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:			
4.	_____	_____	_____	Dominance Test is >50%			
5.	_____	_____	_____	Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹			
6.	_____	_____	_____	Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)			
7.	_____	_____	_____	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)			
8.	_____	_____	_____				
		= Total Cover					
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)							
1.	_____	_____	_____	1 ¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.			
2.	_____	_____	_____				
		= Total Cover					
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum _____		% Cover of Biotic Crust _____		Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes <u>✓</u> No _____		
Remarks:							

Pasture behind barn

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: <u>Pine Plat</u>	City/County: <u>Ellensburg</u>	Sampling Date: <u>3-14-22</u>
Applicant/Owner: <u>Ed Smith</u>	State: <u>WA</u>	Sampling Point: <u>DP#8</u>
Investigator(s): <u>Ed Smith</u>	Section, Township, Range: _____	
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): _____	Local relief (concave, convex, none): _____ Slope (%): _____	
Subregion (LRR): _____	Lat: _____	Long: _____ Datum: _____
Soil Map Unit Name: _____ NWI classification: _____		
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> (If no, explain in Remarks.)		
Are Vegetation <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Soil <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> or Hydrology <input type="checkbox"/> significantly disturbed?		Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
Are Vegetation <input type="checkbox"/> Soil <input type="checkbox"/> or Hydrology <input type="checkbox"/> naturally problematic?		(If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
Remarks: <u>grazed + historically irrigated pasture</u>			

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

<u>Tree Stratum</u> (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Indicator Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>2</u> (A)
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B)
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100</u> (A/B)
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
= Total Cover				Prevalence Index worksheet:
<u>Sapling/Shrub Stratum</u> (Plot size: _____)	_____	_____	_____	Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	OBL species _____ x 1 = _____
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACW species _____ x 2 = _____
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	FAC species _____ x 3 = _____
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACU species _____ x 4 = _____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	UPL species _____ x 5 = _____
= Total Cover				Column Totals: _____ (A) _____ (B)
<u>Herb Stratum</u> (Plot size: _____)	_____	_____	_____	Prevalence Index = B/A = _____
1. <u>Agrostis spp</u>	<u>60</u>	<u>FAC</u>		Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
2. <u>Festuca spp</u>	<u>60</u>	<u>FAC</u>		— Dominance Test is >50%
3. _____	_____	_____		— Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
4. _____	_____	_____		— Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
5. _____	_____	_____		— Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
6. _____	_____	_____		
7. _____	_____	_____		
8. _____	_____	_____		
= Total Cover				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
<u>Woody Vine Stratum</u> (Plot size: _____)	_____	_____	_____	
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
= Total Cover				Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?
<u>% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum</u> _____	<u>% Cover of Biotic Crust</u> _____			Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
Remarks:				

SW pattern of sm

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Arid West Region

Project/Site: Pierce Plat City/County: Ellensburg Sampling Date: 3-14-22
 Applicant/Owner: _____ State: WA Sampling Point: DP#9
 Investigator(s): Ed Smith Section, Township, Range: _____
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): _____ Local relief (concave, convex, none): _____ Slope (%): _____
 Subregion (LRR): _____ Lat: _____ Long: _____ Datum: _____
 Soil Map Unit Name: _____ NWI classification: _____
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes No (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation Soil or Hydrology significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes No
 Are Vegetation Soil or Hydrology naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
Remarks:	<i>grazed + historically irrigated pasture no longer irrigated</i>		

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>2</u> (A)
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B)
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100</u> (A/B)
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
= Total Cover				Prevalence Index worksheet:
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: _____)	<u>100</u>	<u>FAGC</u>		Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____
1. <u>Salix exigua</u>	_____	_____	_____	OBL species _____ x 1 = _____
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACW species _____ x 2 = _____
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	FAC species _____ x 3 = _____
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACU species _____ x 4 = _____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	UPL species _____ x 5 = _____
= Total Cover				Column Totals: _____ (A) _____ (B)
Herb Stratum (Plot size: _____)	<u>60</u>	<u>FAGC</u>		Prevalence Index = B/A = _____
1. <u>Bethelium anatum</u>	_____	_____	_____	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	— Dominance Test is >50%
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	— Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	— Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	— Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
6. _____	_____	_____	_____	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____	
= Total Cover				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)	_____	_____	_____	
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
= Total Cover				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum _____	% Cover of Biotic Crust _____	Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Remarks:				

SOIL

Sampling Point: DP#9

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:			
Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)		Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Riverine)	
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Biotic Crust (B12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Riverine)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Riverine)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) (Nonriverine)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	<input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)	
Field Observations:			
Surface Water Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Depth (inches): _____
Water Table Present?	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Depth (inches): _____
Saturation Present? (includes capillary fringe)	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Depth (inches): _____
		Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:			
Remarks:			

Wetland name or number ABC

RATING SUMMARY – Eastern Washington

Name of wetland (or ID #): Pine Flat Date of site visit: 3-14-23
 Rated by Ed Smith Trained by Ecology? Yes No Date of training _____
 HGM Class used for rating Department Wetland has multiple HGM classes? Y N

NOTE: Form is not complete without the figures requested (figures can be combined).

Source of base aerial photo/map _____

OVERALL WETLAND CATEGORY _____ (based on functions _____ or special characteristics _____)

1. Category of wetland based on FUNCTIONS

_____ Category I – Total score = 22-27

_____ Category II – Total score = 19-21

_____ Category III – Total score = 16-18

_____ Category IV – Total score = 9-15

FUNCTION	Improving Water Quality	Hydrologic	Habitat	
Circle the appropriate ratings				
Site Potential	H M <u>L</u>	H M <u>L</u>	H M <u>L</u>	
Landscape Potential	H <u>M</u> L	H <u>M</u> L	H M <u>L</u>	
Value	H M <u>L</u>	H <u>M</u> L	H <u>M</u> L	TOTAL
Score Based on Ratings	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>13</u>

Score for each function based on three ratings
(order of ratings is not important)

9 = H,H,H

8 = H,H,M

7 = H,H,L

7 = H,M,M

6 = H,M,L

6 = M,M,M

5 = H,L,L

5 = M,M,L

4 = M,L,L

3 = L,L,L

2. Category based on SPECIAL CHARACTERISTICS of wetland

CHARACTERISTIC	CATEGORY	
	Circle the appropriate category	
Vernal Pools	II	III
Alkali	I	
Wetland of High Conservation Value	I	
Bog and Calcareous Fens	I	
Old Growth or Mature Forest – slow growing	I	
Aspen Forest	I	
Old Growth or Mature Forest – fast growing	II	
Floodplain forest	II	
None of the above		/

Wetland name or number ABC

**Maps and figures required to answer questions correctly for Eastern Washington
Depressional Wetlands**

Map of:	To answer questions:	Figure #
Cowardin plant classes and classes of emergents	D 1.3, H 1.1, H 1.5	
Hydroperiods (including area of open water for H 1.3)	D 1.4, H 1.2, H 1.3	
Location of outlet (<i>can be added to map of hydroperiods</i>)	D 1.1, D 4.1	
Boundary of area within 150 ft of the wetland (<i>can be added to another figure</i>)	D 2.2, D 5.2	
Map of the contributing basin	D 5.3	
1 km Polygon: Area that extends 1 km from entire wetland edge - including polygons for accessible habitat and undisturbed habitat	H 2.1, H 2.2, H 2.3	
Screen capture of map of 303(d) listed waters in basin (from Ecology website)	D 3.1, D 3.2	
Screen capture of list of TMDLs for WRIA in which wetland is found (website)	D 3.3	

Riverine Wetlands

Map of:	To answer questions:	Figure #
Cowardin plant classes and classes of emergents	H 1.1, H 1.5	
Hydroperiods	H 1.2, H 1.3	
Ponded depressions	R 1.1	
Boundary of area within 150 ft of the wetland (<i>can be added to another figure</i>)	R 2.4	
Map of the contributing basin	R 2.2, R 2.3, R 5.2	
Plant cover of trees, shrubs, and herbaceous plants	R 1.2, R 4.2	
Width of wetland vs. width of stream (<i>can be added to another figure</i>)	R 4.1	
1 km Polygon: Area that extends 1 km from entire wetland edge - including polygons for accessible habitat and undisturbed habitat	H 2.1, H 2.2, H 2.3	
Screen capture of map of 303(d) listed waters in basin (from Ecology website)	R 3.1	
Screen capture of list of TMDLs for WRIA in which wetland is found (website)	R 3.2, R 3.3	

Lake Fringe Wetlands

Map of:	To answer questions:	Figure #
Cowardin plant classes and classes of emergents	L 1.1, L 4.1, H 1.1, H 1.5	
Plant cover of trees, shrubs, and herbaceous plants	L 1.2	
Boundary of area within 150 ft of the wetland (<i>can be added to another figure</i>)	L 2.2	
1 km Polygon: Area that extends 1 km from entire wetland edge - including polygons for accessible habitat and undisturbed habitat	H 2.1, H 2.2, H 2.3	
Screen capture of map of 303(d) listed waters in basin (from Ecology website)	L 3.1, L 3.2	
Screen capture of list of TMDLs for WRIA in which wetland is found (website)	L 3.3	

Slope Wetlands

Map of:	To answer questions:	Figure #
Cowardin plant classes and classes of emergents	H 1.1, H 1.5	
Hydroperiods	H 1.2, H 1.3	
Plant cover of dense trees, shrubs, and herbaceous plants	S 1.3	
Plant cover of dense, rigid trees, shrubs, and herbaceous plants (<i>can be added to figure above</i>)	S 4.1	
Boundary of area within 150 ft of the wetland (<i>can be added to another figure</i>)	S 2.1, S 5.1	
1 km Polygon: Area that extends 1 km from entire wetland edge - including polygons for accessible habitat and undisturbed habitat	H 2.1, H 2.2, H 2.3	
Screen capture of map of 303(d) listed waters in basin (from Ecology website)	S 3.1, S 3.2	
Screen capture of list of TMDLs for WRIA in which wetland is found (website)	S 3.3	

HGM Classification of Wetland in Eastern Washington

For questions 1-4, the criteria described must apply to the entire unit being rated.

If the hydrologic criteria listed in each question do not apply to the entire unit being rated, you probably have a unit with multiple HGM classes. In this case, identify which hydrologic criteria in questions 1-4 apply, and go to Question 5.

1. Does the entire unit **meet both** of the following criteria?

The vegetated part of the wetland is on the water side of the Ordinary High Water Mark of a body of permanent open water (without any plants on the surface) that is at least 20 ac (8 ha) in size
 At least 30% of the open water area is deeper than 10 ft (3 m)

NO - go to 2

YES - The wetland class is Lake Fringe (Lacustrine Fringe)

2. Does the entire wetland unit **meet all** of the following criteria?

The wetland is on a slope (*slope can be very gradual*),
 The water flows through the wetland in one direction (unidirectional) and usually comes from seeps. It may flow subsurface, as sheetflow, or in a swale without distinct banks;
 The water leaves the wetland **without being impounded**.

NO - go to 3

YES - The wetland class is Slope

NOTE: Surface water does not pond in these type of wetlands except occasionally in very small and shallow depressions or behind hummocks (depressions are usually <3 ft diameter and less than 1 foot deep).

3. Does the entire wetland unit **meet all** of the following criteria?

The unit is in a valley, or stream channel, where it gets inundated by overbank flooding from that stream or river;
 The overbank flooding occurs at least once every 10 years.

NO - go to 4

YES - The wetland class is Riverine

NOTE: The Riverine wetland can contain depressions that are filled with water when the river is not flooding.

4. Is the entire wetland unit in a topographic depression in which water ponds, or is saturated to the surface, at some time during the year. *This means that any outlet, if present, is higher than the interior of the wetland.*

NO - go to 5

YES - The wetland class is Depressional

5. Your wetland unit seems to be difficult to classify and probably contains several different HGM classes. For example, seeps at the base of a slope may grade into a riverine floodplain, or a small stream within a Depressional wetland has a zone of flooding along its sides. **GO BACK AND IDENTIFY WHICH OF THE HYDROLOGIC REGIMES DESCRIBED IN QUESTIONS 1-4 APPLY TO DIFFERENT AREAS IN THE WETLAND UNIT** (make a rough sketch to help you decide). Use the following table to identify the appropriate class to use for the rating system if you have several HGM classes present within the wetland unit being scored.

Wetland name or number ABC

NOTE: Use this table only if the class that is recommended in the second column represents 10% or more of the total area of the wetland unit being rated. If the area of the HGM class listed in column 2 is less than 10% of the wetland unit; classify the wetland using the class that represents more than 90% of the total area.

HGM classes within the wetland unit being rated	HGM Class to use in rating
Slope + Riverine	Riverine
Slope + Depressional	Depressional
Slope + Lake Fringe	Lake Fringe
Depressional + Riverine (the riverine portion is within the boundary of depression)	Depressional
Depressional + Lake Fringe	Depressional
Riverine + Lake Fringe	Riverine

If you are still unable to determine which of the above criteria apply to your wetland, or if you have more than 2 HGM classes within a wetland boundary, classify the wetland as Depressional for the rating.

Wetland name or number ABC

DEPRESSATIONAL WETLANDS		Points (only 1 score per box)
Water Quality Functions - Indicators that the site functions to improve water quality		
D 1.0. Does the site have the potential to improve water quality?		
D 1.1. Characteristics of surface water outflows from the wetland:		
Wetland has no surface water outlet	points = 5	
Wetland has an intermittently flowing outlet	points = 3	
Wetland has a highly constricted permanently flowing outlet	points = 3	
Wetland has a permanently flowing, unconstricted, surface outlet	points = 1	1
D 1.2. The soil 2 in below the surface (or duff layer) is true clay or true organic (use NRCS definitions of soils)		
YES = 3 NO = 0		0
D 1.3. Characteristics of persistent vegetation (Emergent, Scrub-shrub, and/or Forested Cowardin classes)		
Wetland has persistent, ungrazed, vegetation for $> \frac{2}{3}$ of area	points = 5	
Wetland has persistent, ungrazed, vegetation from $\frac{1}{3}$ to $\frac{2}{3}$ of area	points = 3	
Wetland has persistent, ungrazed vegetation from $\frac{1}{10}$ to $< \frac{1}{3}$ of area	points = 1	
Wetland has persistent, ungrazed vegetation $< \frac{1}{10}$ of area	points = 0	0
D 1.4. Characteristics of seasonal ponding or inundation:		
This is the area of ponding that fluctuates every year. Do not count the area that is permanently ponded.		
Area seasonally ponded is $> \frac{1}{2}$ total area of wetland	points = 3	
Area seasonally ponded is $\frac{1}{4}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$ total area of wetland	points = 1	
Area seasonally ponded is $< \frac{1}{4}$ total area of wetland	points = 0	3
Total for D 1	Add the points in the boxes above	4
Rating of Site Potential If score is: <u>12-16 = H</u> <u>6-11 = M</u> <u>0-5 = L</u>	<i>Record the rating on the first page</i>	
D 2.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support the water quality function of the site?		
D 2.1. Does the wetland receive stormwater discharges?		Yes = 1 No = 0 0
D 2.2. Is $> 10\%$ of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in land uses that generate pollutants?		Yes = 1 No = 0 1
D 2.3. Are there septic systems within 250 ft of the wetland?		Yes = 1 No = 0 0
D 2.4. Are there other sources of pollutants coming into the wetland that are not listed in questions D 2.1- D 2.3? Source <u>Cattle grazing</u>		Yes = 1 No = 0 1
Total for D 2	Add the points in the boxes above	2
Rating of Landscape Potential If score is: <u>3 or 4 = H</u> <u>1 or 2 = M</u> <u>0 = L</u>	<i>Record the rating on the first page</i>	
D 3.0. Is the water quality improvement provided by the site valuable to society?		
D 3.1. Does the wetland discharge directly (i.e., within 1 mi) to a stream, river, or lake that is on the 303(d) list?		Yes = 1 No = 0 0
D 3.2. Is the wetland in a basin or sub-basin where water quality is an issue in some aquatic resource [303(d) list, eutrophic lakes, problems with nuisance and toxic algae]?		Yes = 1 No = 0 0
D 3.3. Has the site been identified in a watershed or local plan as important for maintaining water quality (answer YES if there is a TMDL for the drainage or basin in which the wetland is found)?		Yes = 2 No = 0 0
Total for D 3	Add the points in the boxes above	0
Rating of Value If score is: <u>2-4 = H</u> <u>1 = M</u> <u>0 = L</u>	<i>Record the rating on the first page</i>	

Wetland name or number ABC

DEPRESSIVE WETLANDS		Points (only 1 score per box)
Hydrologic Functions - Indicators that the site functions to reduce flooding and erosion.		
D 4.0. Does the site have the potential to reduce flooding and erosion?		
D 4.1. <u>Characteristics of surface water outflows from the wetland:</u> Wetland has no surface water outlet Wetland has an intermittently flowing outlet Wetland has a highly constricted permanently flowing outlet Wetland has a permanently flowing unobstructed surface outlet (If outlet is a ditch and not permanently flowing treat wetland as "intermittently flowing")		points = 8 points = 4 points = 4 points = 0
D 4.2. <u>Depth of storage during wet periods: Estimate the height of ponding above the bottom of the outlet. For wetlands with no outlet, measure from the surface of permanent water or deepest part (if dry).</u> Seasonal ponding: > 3 ft above the lowest point in wetland or the surface of permanent ponding Seasonal ponding: 2 ft - < 3 ft above the lowest point in wetland or the surface of permanent ponding The wetland is a headwater wetland Seasonal ponding: 1 ft - < 2 ft Seasonal ponding: 6 in - < 1 ft Seasonal ponding: < 6 in or wetland has only saturated soils		points = 8 points = 6 points = 4 points = 4 points = 2 points = 0
Total for D 4		Add the points in the boxes above <u>4</u>

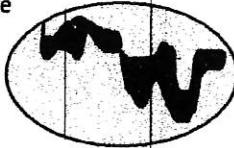
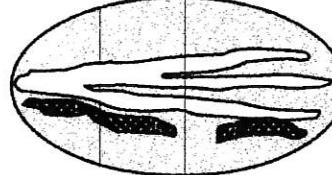
Rating of Site Potential If score is: 12-16 = H 6-11 = M 0-5 = L Record the rating on the first page

D 5.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support the hydrologic functions of the site?		
D 5.1. Does the wetland receive stormwater discharges?		Yes = 1 <u>No = 0</u>
D 5.2. Is > 10% of the area within 150 ft of the wetland in a land use that generates runoff?		<u>Yes = 1</u> <u>No = 0</u>
D 5.3. Is more than 25% of the contributing basin of the wetland covered with intensive human land uses?		<u>Yes = 1</u> <u>No = 0</u>
Total for D 5		Add the points in the boxes above <u>2</u>

Rating of Landscape Potential If score is: 3 = H 1 or 2 = M 0 = L Record the rating on the first page

D 6.0. Are the hydrologic functions provided by the site valuable to society?		
D 6.1. <u>The wetland is in a landscape that has flooding problems.</u> Choose the description that best matches conditions around the wetland being rated. <i>Do not add points.</i> <i>Choose the highest score if more than one condition is met.</i> The wetland captures surface water that would otherwise flow down-gradient into areas where flooding has damaged human or natural resources (e.g., houses or salmon redds), AND Flooding occurs in sub-basin that is immediately down-gradient of wetland Surface flooding problems are in a sub-basin farther down-gradient The existing or potential outflow from the wetland is so constrained by human or natural conditions that the water stored by the wetland cannot reach areas that flood. <i>Explain why</i> _____ There are no problems with flooding downstream of the wetland		points = 2 points = 1 points = 0 points = 0
D 6.2. Has the site been identified as important for flood storage or flood conveyance in a regional flood control plan?		Yes = 2 <u>No = 0</u>
Total for D 6		Add the points in the boxes above <u>1</u>

Rating of Value If score is: 2-4 = H 1 = M 0 = L Record the rating on the first page

These questions apply to wetlands of all HGM classes.		(only 1 score per box)
HABITAT FUNCTIONS - Indicators that site functions to provide important habitat		
H 1.0. Does the wetland have the potential to provide habitat for many species?		
H 1.1. Structure of the plant community: <i>Check the Cowardin vegetation classes present and categories of emergent plants. Size threshold for each category is >= 1/4 ac or >= 10% of the wetland if wetland is < 2.5 ac.</i>		
<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic bed <input type="checkbox"/> Emergent plants 0-12 in (0-30 cm) high are the highest layer and have > 30% cover <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Emergent plants >12-40 in (>30-100 cm) high are the highest layer with >30% cover <input type="checkbox"/> Emergent plants > 40 in (> 100 cm) high are the highest layer with >30% cover <input type="checkbox"/> Scrub-shrub (areas where shrubs have >30% cover) <input type="checkbox"/> Forested (areas where trees have >30% cover)		4 or more checks: points = 3 3 checks: points = 2 2 checks: points = 1 <u>1 check: points = 0</u>
H 1.2. Is one of the vegetation types Aquatic Bed?		Yes = 1 No = 0
H 1.3. Surface water		
H 1.3.1. Does the wetland have areas of open water (without emergent or shrub plants) over at least 1/4 ac OR 10% of its area during the March to early June OR in August to the end of September? <i>Answer YES for Lake Fringe wetlands.</i> Yes = 3 points & go to H 1.4 No = go to H 1.3.2 H 1.3.2. Does the wetland have an intermittent or permanent, and unvegetated stream within its boundaries, or along one side, over at least 1/4 ac or 10% of its area? <i>Answer yes only if H 1.3.1 is No.</i> <u>Yes = 3</u> No = 0		3
H 1.4. Richness of plant species		
Count the number of plant species in the wetland that cover at least 10 ft ² . <i>Different patches of the same species can be combined to meet the size threshold. You do not have to name the species.</i> <i>Do not include Eurasian milfoil, reed canarygrass, purple loosestrife, Russian olive, Phragmites, Canadian thistle, yellow-flag Iris, and saltcedar (Tamarisk)</i> # of species _____		Scoring: > 9 species: points = 2 4-9 species: points = 1 <u>< 4 species: points = 0</u>
H 1.5. Interspersion of habitats		Figure _____
Decide from the diagrams below whether interspersion among types of plant structures (described in H 1.1), and unvegetated areas (open water or mudflats) is high, moderate, low, or none. <i>Use map of Cowardin and emergent plant classes prepared for questions H 1.1 and map of open water from H 1.3. If you have four or more plant classes or three classes and open water, the rating is always high.</i>		
 <u>None = 0 points</u>		
 <u>Low = 1 point</u>		
  <u>Moderate = 2 points</u>		
All three diagrams in this row are <u>High = 3 points</u>		
   <u>Riparian braided channels with 2 classes</u>		

Wetland name or number ADC

H 1.6. <u>Special habitat features</u>	<i>Check the habitat features that are present in the wetland. The number of checks is the number of points.</i>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Loose rocks larger than 4 in OR large, downed, woody debris (> 4 in diameter) within the area of surface ponding or in stream.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Cattails or bulrushes are present within the wetland.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Standing snags (diameter at the bottom > 4 in) in the wetland or within 30 m (100 ft) of the edge.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Emergent or shrub vegetation in areas that are permanently inundated/ponded.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Stable steep banks of fine material that might be used by beaver or muskrat for denning (> 45 degree slope) OR signs of recent beaver activity	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Invasive species cover less than 20% in each stratum of vegetation (<i>canopy, sub-canopy, shrubs, herbaceous, moss/ground cover</i>)	0

Total for H 1	Add the points in the boxes above	3
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Rating of Site Potential If score is: 15-18 = H 7-14 = M 0-6 = L Record the rating on the first page

H 2.0. Does the landscape have the potential to support habitat functions of the site?		
H 2.1. Accessible habitat (only area of habitat abutting wetland). If total accessible habitat is:		
Calculate: 0% undisturbed habitat <u>0</u> + [(% moderate and low intensity land uses)/2] <u>0</u> = <u>0</u> % > $\frac{1}{3}$ (33.3%) of 1 km Polygon	points = 3	
20-33% of 1km Polygon	points = 2	
10-19% of 1km Polygon	points = 1	
<10% of 1km Polygon	points = 0	0
H 2.2. Undisturbed habitat in 1 km Polygon around wetland.		
Calculate: 0 % undisturbed habitat <u>10</u> + [(% moderate and low intensity land uses)/2] <u>5</u> = <u>5</u> % Undisturbed habitat > 50% of Polygon	points = 3	
Undisturbed habitat 10 - 50% and in 1-3 patches	points = 2	
Undisturbed habitat 10 - 50% and > 3 patches	points = 1	
Undisturbed habitat < 10% of Polygon	points = 0	0
H 2.3. Land use intensity in 1 km Polygon:		
> 50% of Polygon is high intensity land use	points = 0	
Does not meet criterion above	points = 0	0
H 2.4. The wetland is in an area where annual rainfall is less than 12 in, and its water regime is not influenced by irrigation practices, dams, or water control structures. Generally, this means outside boundaries of reclamation areas, irrigation districts, or reservoirs	Yes = 3 No = 0	0
Total for H 2	Add the points in the boxes above	- 2

Rating of Landscape Potential If score is: 4-9 = H 1-3 = M <1 = L Record the rating on the first page

H 3.0. Is the habitat provided by the site valuable to society?		
H 3.1. Does the site provide habitat for species valued in laws, regulations, or policies? Choose the highest score that applies to the wetland being rated		
Site meets ANY of the following criteria:	points = 2	
<input type="checkbox"/> It has 3 or more priority habitats within 100 m (see Appendix B)		
<input type="checkbox"/> It provides habitat for Threatened or Endangered species (any plant or animal on state or federal lists)		
<input type="checkbox"/> It is mapped as a location for an individual WDFW species		
<input type="checkbox"/> It is a Wetland of High Conservation Value as determined by the Department of Natural Resources		
<input type="checkbox"/> It has been categorized as an important habitat site in a local or regional comprehensive plan, in a Shoreline Master Plan, or in a watershed plan		
Site has 1 or 2 priority habitats within 100 m (see Appendix B)	points = 1	
Site does not meet any of the criteria above	points = 0	

Rating of Value If score is: 2 = H 1 = M 0 = L Record the rating on the first page

CATEGORIZATION BASED ON SPECIAL CHARACTERISTICS

Please determine if the wetland meets the attributes described below and circle the appropriate category. NOTE: A wetland may meet the criteria for more than one set of special characteristics. Record all those that apply. NOTE: All wetlands should also be characterized based on their functions.

Wetland Type	Check off any criteria that apply to the wetland. Circle the category when the appropriate criteria are met.	Category
SC 1.0. Vernal pools	<p>Is the wetland less than 4000 ft², and does it meet at least two of the following criteria?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Its only source of water is rainfall or snowmelt from a small contributing basin and has no groundwater input. — Wetland plants are typically present only in the spring; the summer vegetation is typically upland annuals. <i>If you find perennial, obligate, wetland plants, the wetland is probably NOT a vernal pool.</i> — The soil in the wetland is shallow [< 1 ft (30 cm) deep] and is underlain by an impermeable layer such as basalt or clay. — Surface water is present for less than 120 days during the wet season. <p>Yes – Go to SC 1.1 No = Not a vernal pool</p>	
SC 1.1. Is the vernal pool relatively undisturbed in February and March?	Yes – Go to SC 1.2 No = Not a vernal pool with special characteristics	
SC 1.2. Is the vernal pool in an area where there are at least 3 separate aquatic resources within 0.5 mi (other wetlands, rivers, lakes etc.)?	Yes = Category II No = Category III	Cat. II Cat. III
SC 2.0. Alkali wetlands	<p>Does the wetland meet one of the following criteria?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — The wetland has a conductivity > 3.0 mS/cm. — The wetland has a conductivity between 2.0 and 3.0 mS, and more than 50% of the plant cover in the wetland can be classified as "alkali" species (see Table 4 for list of plants found in alkali systems). — If the wetland is dry at the time of your field visit, the central part of the area is covered with a layer of salt. <p>OR does the wetland unit meet two of the following three sub-criteria?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Salt encrustations around more than 75% of the edge of the wetland — More than $\frac{1}{4}$ of the plant cover consists of species listed on Table 4 — A pH above 9.0. All alkali wetlands have a high pH, but please note that some freshwater wetlands may also have a high pH. Thus, pH alone is not a good indicator of alkali wetlands. <p>Yes = Category I No = Not an alkali wetland</p>	Cat. I
SC 3.0. Wetlands of High Conservation Value (WHCV)		
SC 3.1. Has the WA Department of Natural Resources updated their website to include the list of Wetlands of High Conservation Value?	Yes – Go to SC 3.2 No – Go to SC 3.3	
SC 3.2. Is the wetland listed on the WDNR database as a Wetland of High Conservation Value?	Yes = Category I No = Not a WHCV	Cat. I
SC 3.3. Is the wetland in a Section/Township/Range that contains a Natural Heritage wetland? http://www1.dnr.wa.gov/nhp/refdesk/datasearch/wnhpwetlands.pdf	Yes – Contact WNHP/WDNR and go to SC 3.4 No = Not a WHCV	
SC 3.4. Has WDNR identified the wetland within the S/T/R as a Wetland of High Conservation Value and it is listed on their website?	Yes = Category I No = Not a WHCV	

Wetland name or number ABC

SC 4.0 Bogs and Calcareous Fens	Does the wetland (or any part of the wetland unit) meet both the criteria for soils and vegetation in bogs or calcareous fens? Use the key below to identify if the wetland is a bog or calcareous fen. If you answer yes you will still need to rate the wetland based on its functions.	
SC 4.1.	Does an area within the wetland have organic soil horizons (i.e., layers of organic soil), either peats or mucks, that compose 16 in or more of the first 32 in of the soil profile? See Appendix C for a field key to identify organic soils.	Yes – Go to SC 4.3 No – Go to SC 4.2
SC 4.2.	Does an area within the wetland have organic soils, either peats or mucks, that are less than 16 in deep over bedrock or an impermeable hardpan such as clay or volcanic ash, or that are floating on top of a lake or pond?	Yes – Go to SC 4.3 No = Is not a bog for rating
SC 4.3.	Does an area within the wetland have more than 70% cover of mosses at ground level AND at least 30% of the total plant cover consists of species in Table 5?	Yes = Category I bog No – Go to SC 4.4 NOTE: If you are uncertain about the extent of mosses in the understory, you may substitute that criterion by measuring the pH of the water that seeps into a hole dug at least 16 in deep. If the pH is less than 5.0 and the plant species in Table 5 are present, the wetland is a bog.
SC 4.4.	Is an area with peats or mucks forested (> 30% cover) with subalpine fir, western red cedar, western hemlock, lodgepole pine, quaking aspen, Engelmann spruce, or western white pine, AND any of the species (or combination of species) listed in Table 5 provide more than 30% of the cover under the canopy?	Yes = Category I bog No – Go to SC 4.5
SC 4.5.	Do the species listed in Table 6 comprise at least 20% of the total plant cover within an area of peats and mucks?	Yes = Is a Calcareous Fen for purpose of rating No – Go to SC 4.6
SC 4.6.	Do the species listed in Table 6 comprise at least 10% of the total plant cover in an area of peats and mucks, AND one of the two following conditions is met: — Marl deposits [calcium carbonate (CaCO_3) precipitate] occur on the soil surface or plant stems — The pH of free water is ≥ 6.8 AND electrical conductivity is $\geq 200 \text{ } \mu\text{s/cm}$ at multiple locations within the wetland	Yes = Is a Category I calcareous fen No = Is not a calcareous fen
		Cat. I

SC 5.0. Forested Wetlands	Does the wetland have an area of forest rooted within its boundary that meets at least one of the following three criteria? (Continue only if you have identified that a forested class is present in question H 1.1) — The wetland is within the 100 year floodplain of a river or stream — Aspen (<i>Populus tremuloides</i>) represents at least 20% of the total cover of woody species — There is at least $\frac{1}{4}$ ac of trees (even in wetlands smaller than 2.5 ac) that are "mature" or "old-growth" according to the definitions for these priority habitats developed by WDFW (see definitions in question H3.1)	Yes – Go to SC 5.1 No = Not a forested wetland with special characteristics	
SC 5.1.	Does the wetland have a forest canopy where more than 50% of the tree species (by cover) are slow growing native trees (see Table 7)?	Yes = Category I No – Go to SC 5.2	Cat. I
SC 5.2.	Does the wetland have areas where aspen (<i>Populus tremuloides</i>) represents at least 20% of the total cover of woody species?	Yes = Category I No – Go to SC 5.3	Cat. I
SC 5.3.	Does the wetland have at least $\frac{1}{4}$ acre with a forest canopy where more than 50% of the tree species (by cover) are fast growing species (see Table 7)?	Yes = Category II No – Go to SC 5.4	Cat. II
SC 5.4.	Is the forested component of the wetland within the 100 year floodplain of a river or stream?	Yes = Category II No = Not a forested wetland with special characteristics	Cat. II
Category of wetland based on Special Characteristics Choose the highest rating if wetland falls into several categories If you answered No for all types, enter "Not Applicable" on Summary Form			NA

Appendix B: WDFW Priority Habitats in Eastern Washington

Priority habitats listed by WDFW (see complete descriptions of WDFW priority habitats, and the counties in which they can be found, in: Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife. 2008. Priority Habitat and Species List. Olympia, Washington. 177 pp. <http://wdfw.wa.gov/publications/00165/wdfw00165.pdf> or access the list from here: <http://wdfw.wa.gov/conservation/phs/list/>)

Count how many of the following priority habitats are within 330 ft (100 m) of the wetland: **NOTE: This question is independent of the land use between the wetland and the priority habitat.**

- **Aspen Stands:** Pure or mixed stands of aspen greater than 1 ac (0.4 ha).
- **Biodiversity Areas and Corridors:** Areas of habitat that are relatively important to various species of native fish and wildlife (full descriptions in WDFW PHS report).
- **Old-growth/Mature forests:** Old-growth east of Cascade crest – Stands are highly variable in tree species composition and structural characteristics due to the influence of fire, climate, and soils. In general, stands will be >150 years of age, with 10 trees/ac (25 trees/ha) that are > 21 in (53 cm) dbh, and 1-3 snags/ac (2.5-7.5 snags/ha) that are > 12-14 in (30-35 cm) diameter. Downed logs may vary from abundant to absent. Canopies may be single or multi-layered. Evidence of human-caused alterations to the stand will be absent or so slight as to not affect the ecosystem's essential structures and functions. Mature forests – Stands with average diameters exceeding 21 in (53 cm) dbh; crown cover may be less than 100%; decay, decadence, numbers of snags, and quantity of large downed material is generally less than that found in old-growth; 80-200 years old west and 80-160 years old east of the Cascade crest.
- **Oregon White Oak:** Woodland stands of pure oak or oak/conifer associations where canopy coverage of the oak component is important (full descriptions in WDFW PHS report p. 158 – see web link above).
- ✓ **Riparian:** The area adjacent to aquatic systems with flowing water that contains elements of both aquatic and terrestrial ecosystems which mutually influence each other.
- **Instream:** The combination of physical, biological, and chemical processes and conditions that interact to provide functional life history requirements for instream fish and wildlife resources.
- **Caves:** A naturally occurring cavity, recess, void, or system of interconnected passages under the earth in soils, rock, ice, or other geological formations and is large enough to contain a human.
- **Cliffs:** Greater than 25 ft (7.6 m) high and occurring below 5000 ft elevation.
- **Talus:** Homogenous areas of rock rubble ranging in average size 0.5 - 6.5 ft (0.15 - 2.0 m), composed of basalt, andesite, and/or sedimentary rock, including riprap slides and mine tailings. May be associated with cliffs.
- **Snags and Logs:** Trees are considered snags if they are dead or dying and exhibit sufficient decay characteristics to enable cavity excavation/use by wildlife. Priority snags have a diameter at breast height of > 12 in (30 cm) in eastern Washington and are > 6.5 ft (2 m) in height. Priority logs are > 12 in (30 cm) in diameter at the largest end, and > 20 ft (6 m) long.
- **Shrub-steppe:** A nonforested vegetation type consisting of one or more layers of perennial bunchgrasses and a conspicuous but discontinuous layer of shrubs (see Eastside Steppe for sites with little or no shrub cover).
- **Eastside Steppe:** Nonforested vegetation type dominated by broadleaf herbaceous flora (i.e., forbs), perennial bunchgrasses, or a combination of both. Bluebunch wheatgrass (*Pseudoroegneria spicata*) is often the prevailing cover component along with Idaho fescue (*Festuca idahoensis*), Sandberg bluegrass (*Poa secunda*), rough fescue (*F. campestris*), or needlegrasses (*Achnatherum* spp.).
- **Juniper Savannah:** All juniper woodlands.

Note: All vegetated wetlands are by definition a priority habitat but are not included in this list because they are addressed elsewhere.

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arcgis.com/apps/webappviewer/index.html?id=8bcc146d9c2847acb2e9aa239187c25e&query=TaxParcelQuery_326%2C12_ParcelNumber%2C296233

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Select or search for a feature in the map

Parcel#, Map#, Name, Situs

Apply a search distance
500 Feet

Addressee Layer

Mailing Address

Format

Comma-separated values (CSV)

Measurement

Feet

Measurement Result

150.9 Feet

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Press CTRL to enable snapping

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Address, Place, or XY

15500 955305 955306 955307 955308 955309 955310 955311

531133 296233 136233 15532 155310

16533 16536 16537 16539 16540 16541 16542 16543 16544 16523 16522 16521 16520 19561 19562 19563 19564 19565 19566 19567 19568 19569 19570 19571 19572 19573 19574 19575 19576 19577 19578 19579 19580 20575

County Side Estates Div. 2-Phase 1

County Side Estates Div. 2-Phase 2

150' 559.777 pem

Environmental Systems Research Institute, Inc. (ESRI), U.S. Geological Survey (USGS), EROS Data Center, U.S. Geod...

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Water Quality Atlas - Map

apps.ecology.wa.gov/waterqualityatlas/wqa/map?CustomMap=y&BBox=-14338616.5395963,-12562831.6503994&RT=0&Layers=27&Filters=y,n,n,n,n,n&F1.4=n,n,n,n,n,y

DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY State of Washington

Legend Filter Zoom Tools Home Add/Remove Map Data My Maps Print Share About

Basic Drawing Other

Keyboard Identity Measure Distance Measure Area Image Service

Find address or place Bing Imagery

Usage: Click on map to add measure points. Double-click to finish.

Unit: Feet

Distance: 17,001.00 ft

New measurement

Yakima River Highway 10 Old Highway 97 Interstate 82 Ellensburg Central Washington University Vantage Hwy Vantage Bkwy

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Assessed Water/Sediment Filter Applied Clear filters

Zoom to selection Table to CSV

Find Listing ID Assessment Unit ID Category Medium Parameter Details

66746 170200011202_01_01 5 Water Dissolved Oxygen View

11253 170200050203_01_01 5 Water Temperature View

42784 170200050203_01_01 5 Water Dissolved Oxygen View

Show 5 entries Showing 1 to 5 of 4,548 entries First Previous Next Last

10:03 AM 5/18/2022

The screenshot shows a satellite map of a wetland area, likely a river or stream, overlaid with various land use and environmental features. The map includes a grid of roads, residential areas, and agricultural fields. A large area of wetland is highlighted in purple and blue, representing a Freshwater Emergent Wetland. The application interface includes a toolbar with various icons for map navigation, a search bar, and a 'Priority Habitats and Species' button. A 'Generate Report' button is visible on the right. A detailed data table for the selected wetland feature is displayed, including fields for Occurrence Name, Priority Area, Site Name, Accuracy, Notes, Source Dataset, Source Name, Source Entity, Federate Status, State Status, PHIS Listing Status, Sensitive, SGCN, Display Resolution, Management Recommendations, and Geometry Type. The table also includes a 'Buffer Options' section with a distance of 0 feet and a 'Clear' button. The status bar at the bottom shows the date and time as 5/18/2012 10:01 AM.

Occurrence Name	Freshwater Emergent Wetland
Priority Area	Aquatic Habitat
Site Name	N/A
Accuracy	N/A
Notes	Wetland System: Freshwater Emergent
Source Dataset	NW Wetlands
Source Name	Not Given
Source Entity	US Fish and Wildlife Service
Federate Status	N/A
State Status	N/A
PHIS Listing Status	PHIS listed Occurrence
Sensitive	N
SGCN	N
Display Resolution	AS MAPPED
Management Recommendations	Click for more info.
Geometry Type	Polygons

TerraScan TaxSifter - KITTIAS CO COMPAS

arcgis.com/apps/webappviewer/index.html?id=8bcc146d9c2847acb2e9aa239187c25e&query=TaxParcelQuery_326%2Ct2_ParcelNumber%2C296233

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Select or search for a feature in the map

Parcel#, Map#, Name, Situs

Apply a search distance

500 Feet

Address Layer

Mailing Address

Format

Comma-separated values (CSV)

Measurement

Kilometers

Measurement Result

1 Kilometers

Clear

Press CTRL to enable snapping

120.544 47.017 Degrees

Environmental Systems Research Institute, Inc. (ESRI), U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) EROS Data Center, U.S. Geolo... esri

Address, Place, or XY

9:59 AM
5/18/2022