

RESOLUTION NO. 2023-29

A RESOLUTION relating to the Ellensburg City Council, replacing the Rules and Procedures for the Ellensburg City Council, and repealing Resolution No. 2022-45.

WHEREAS, Resolution 2022-45 updated the "Rules and Procedures for the Ellensburg City Council" (Council Rules); and

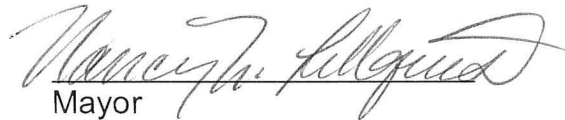
WHEREAS, the City Council has determined the Council Rules should again be updated;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, by the City Council of the City of Ellensburg, Washington, as follows:

Section 1. This Resolution supersedes and replaces City Council Resolution No. 2022-45, which is hereby repealed.

Section 2. The Rules and Procedures for the Ellensburg City Council, attached to this Resolution, are hereby adopted and are effective immediately upon passage of this Resolution.

ADOPTED by the City Council of the City of Ellensburg this 6th day of November, 2023.


Mayor

Attest:


City Clerk

City of Ellensburg
City Council Rules of Procedure
November 6, 2023

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1. General Rules

1.1 Authority. The Ellensburg City Council hereby establishes the following procedures for the conduct of Council meetings, proceedings, and business. These procedures shall be in effect upon adoption by the Council and until such time as they are amended or new procedures are adopted in the manner provided in these rules.

1.2 Meetings to be Public. The meetings of the Council shall be open to the public with the exception of executive or exempt sessions for certain limited topics (as defined in Chapter 42.30 RCW). The Council minute book shall be open to public inspection.

1.3 Quorum. A majority of four councilmembers shall be required to be in attendance to constitute a quorum at any regular or special meeting of the Council. In the absence of a quorum, the Mayor or Mayor pro tempore, at the instance of any three (3) members present, may compel the attendance of absent members.

1.4 Roll Call - Absences. Before proceeding with the business of the Council, the City Clerk or his or her deputy shall call the roll of the members, and the names of those present shall be entered in the minutes. A Councilmember may be excused from the meeting by contacting the Mayor prior to the meeting and stating the reason for his or her inability to attend the meeting. If the Councilmember is unable to contact the Mayor, the Councilmember shall contact the Mayor pro tempore, the City Clerk or Deputy City Clerk, who shall convey the message to the Mayor. The Mayor shall inform the Council of the Councilmember's absence, state the reason for such absence and inquire if there is a motion to excuse the member. Upon passage of such motion by a majority of Councilmembers present, the absent Councilmember shall be considered excused and the Clerk will make an appropriate notation in the minutes. If the motion is not passed, the Clerk will note in the minutes that the absence is unexcused.

1.5 Records of Council Proceedings. The City Clerk shall record all business transacted at a Council meeting. In recording Council minutes, the Clerk, in addition to the names of the Councilmembers in attendance, shall record the names of all city officials or employees in attendance at the Council meeting and all persons who

have addressed the Council.

1.6 **Right of Floor.** Any Councilmember desiring to speak shall be recognized by the presiding officer and shall confine his or her remarks to one subject under consideration or to be considered. Minutes of all proceedings of the Council shall be kept by the City Clerk and shall be entered in a book constituting the official record of the Council.

1.7 **Remote Attendance.** Councilmembers may appear at a Council meeting via video conferencing or telephone ("remote attendance") when approved by the Mayor or Mayor pro tempore, or if remote attendance is required by reason of legislative or governor's proclamation/order, or other emergency order enacted by Council. Councilmembers attending remotely must keep their video camera turned on during the meeting unless they are unable to do so because of technical infeasibility (e.g., poor or no internet connection, no video camera available, etc.).

1.8 **Rules of Order.** *Robert's Rules of Order Newly Revised* shall be the guideline procedures for the proceedings of the Council. If there is a conflict, these rules shall apply.

2. Types of Meetings

2.1 Regular Meetings. The City Council shall hold regular meetings on the first and third Mondays of each month at 7:00 p.m. and will adjourn no later than 11 p.m. To continue past this time of adjournment, a majority of the Council must concur. If the day fixed for any regular meeting of the Council falls upon a day designated by law as a legal or national holiday, such meeting shall be held at the same hour on the next succeeding day not a holiday. The Council may reschedule regular meetings to a different date or time by motion. The location of the meetings shall be the Council Chambers at City Hall, 501 N. Anderson Street, unless specified otherwise by a majority vote of the Council, legislative proclamation, governor's proclamation/order, or other emergency order. All regular and special meetings shall be public.

2.2 Special Meetings. The City Clerk, upon request of the Mayor or by a majority of the Council shall call special meetings of the Council for the purpose of conducting official action. Notice shall be given at least 24 hours in advance as required by RCW 42.30.080. Notice may be provided to each member of the Council by telephone, e-mail, regular mail or otherwise, of the special meeting.

2.3 Study Session and Workshops. The Council may meet informally in study sessions and workshops (open to the public), at the call of the Mayor or by a majority of the Council, to review forthcoming programs of the city, receive progress reports on current programs or projects, receive other similar information from city department heads or conduct procedures workshops, provided that all discussions and conclusions thereon shall be informal and do not constitute final action of the Council.

2.4 Emergency Meetings. An emergency meeting is a Special Council meeting called without 24-hour notice. An emergency meeting deals with an emergency involving injury or damage to persons or property or the likelihood of such injury or damage ~~when~~ time requirements of a 24-hour notice would make notice impractical and increase the likelihood of such injury or damage. Emergency meetings may be called by the Mayor as provided by RCW 42.30.070. The Council minutes will indicate the reason for the emergency.

2.5 Executive Sessions. An executive session is a Council meeting that is closed except to the Council, City Manager, City Attorney and authorized staff members and/or consultants authorized by the Mayor. The public is restricted from attendance. Executive sessions may be held during Regular or Special council meetings and will be announced by the Mayor.

a. Executive Session subjects are limited to matters authorized pursuant to Ch. 42.30 RCW, including but not limited to considering real property acquisition and sale, public bid contract performance, complaints against public officers and employees, public employment applications and public employee evaluation, elective office appointments, and attorney-client discussions regarding agency enforcement actions, litigation, or threatened litigation.

b. Before convening in executive session, the Presiding Officer shall publicly announce the purpose for excluding the public from the meeting place, the anticipated time when the executive session will be concluded, and whether any action is anticipated to be taken following the executive session. Should the executive session require more time, a public announcement shall be made extending the meeting for a time certain. Should the executive session end prior to the time specified, Council may reconvene to formally adjourn, if appropriate. If action is required, the Council may not take action until the specified time has lapsed.

c. At the conclusion of the executive session, if appropriate, the public meeting will reconvene to formally adjourn the meeting, for taking action on the item resulting from the executive session if properly noticed, or to continue the meeting.

2.6 Council Contact Outside an Official Meeting. Generally, Councilmembers have the same freedoms of association as any other citizen. Councilmembers must take great care when present at the same social, unofficial functions, or in any public setting to refrain from engaging in any activity which could be interpreted as de facto deliberation or action on a matter of city business.

3. Conduct of Meetings

3.1 **The Mayor – Election.** The Mayor shall act as the presiding officer of the Council and shall be elected biennially at the first meeting of a new Council by the members from their membership, or otherwise when there is a vacancy in the position. The Mayor shall assume the chair immediately after his or her election. In the absence of the Mayor, the Mayor pro tempore shall act as the presiding officer. In the absence of both the Mayor and Mayor pro tempore, the Council shall elect a presiding officer to preside over the meeting or to act for the Mayor in his or her absence.

3.2 **Call to Order.** The presiding officer shall take the chair precisely at the hour appointed for the meeting, and shall immediately call the Council to order. In the absence of the Mayor and the Mayor pro tempore, the City Clerk or his or her assistant shall call the Council to order, whereupon a temporary presiding officer shall be elected by the members of the Council present. Upon the arrival of the Mayor or Mayor pro tempore, the temporary presiding officer shall immediately relinquish the chair upon the conclusion of the business immediately before the council.

3.3 **Preservation of Order.** The presiding officer shall preserve strict order and decorum at all regular and special meetings of the Council, as set forth by Rules 6 and 7. The presiding officer may request the Sergeant-at-Arms to enforce actions consistent with this rule pursuant to Rule 7.4.

3.4 **Points of Order.** The presiding officer shall determine all points of order, subject to the right of any member to appeal to the Council. If any appeal is taken, the question shall be "Shall the decision of the Presiding Officer be sustained?"

3.5 **Questions to be Stated.** The presiding officer shall state every question coming before the Council, announce the decision of the Council on all subjects and decide all questions of order, subject to, however, to an appeal to the Council, in which event a majority vote of the Council shall govern and conclusively determine such question of order. A roll call vote may be taken on any question.

3.6 **Mayor – Powers.** The Mayor shall vote on all questions, his or her name being called last. He or she shall sign all ordinances and resolutions adopted by the

Council during his or her presence. In the event of the absence of the Mayor, the Mayor pro tempore or presiding officer shall sign ordinances or resolutions as then adopted.

3.7 **Reading of Minutes.** Unless a reading of the minutes of a Council meeting is requested by a member of the Council, such minutes may be approved without reading if the Clerk has previously furnished each member with a copy of the minutes.

4. Order of Business and the Agenda. All meetings of the Council shall be open to the public. Promptly at the hour specified herein on the date of each regular meeting, the members of the Council, the City Clerk, City Attorney, and City Manager shall be present for the meeting and the business of the Council shall be taken up for consideration and disposition in the following order:

4.1 Flag Salute.

4.2 Call to Order - Roll Call. The presiding officer calls the meeting to order and will announce the attendance of Councilmembers, indicate any Councilmember who is not in attendance and whether the Councilmember has requested an excused absence. Excused absences will be handled as stated in Rule 1.4.

4.3 Proclamations. A proclamation is defined as an official announcement made by the Mayor. It is the policy of the City Council for the Mayor to consider requests to proclaim certain events or causes when such proclamations pertain to a City of Ellensburg event, person, organization, or cause with local implications. The Mayor will consider requests that are timely, have potential relevance to the Ellensburg community, and either forward positive messages and/or call upon the support of the community. The Mayor will choose proclamations to read at a Council meeting subject to the following guidelines. The Mayor may act on requests for proclamations without a vote of the City Council. In addition:

a. The person(s) or organization making the request must submit a completed Application Requesting a City Proclamation and submit a copy of the proposed Proclamation to the City Clerk's office at least thirty calendar days before the proclamation is desired.

b. The sponsor must be a city resident.

c. Proclamations must have citywide significance and demonstrate relevancy to Ellensburg.

d. Proclamations should have a positive message and should not promote political, ideological or religious positions.

e. The Mayor shall not recognize groups or individuals who seek economic benefit by endorsement or for-profit commercial events or endeavors.

f. The City retains the right to modify, edit, or otherwise amend the proposed proclamation to meet its requirements, needs, or policy determinations. The proclamation shall not exceed one page of text.

g. The Mayor may consult with City Boards, Commissions or other subject matter experts when considering appropriate proclamation language.

h. The Mayor retains the right to limit the number of proclamations at a City Council meeting.

i. The Mayor, in consultation with the City Manager and City Attorney, will determine if the proposed proclamation meets the intent of this policy

4.4 Awards and recognitions.

4.5 Approval of regular agenda.

a. The presiding officer may, with the concurrence of the Councilmembers by majority vote, take agenda items out of order. The agenda may be amended upon majority vote of the Councilmembers.

b. Because adoption of any item on the consent agenda, as provided in Rule 4.6, implies unanimous consent, any member of the Council shall have the right to remove any item from the consent agenda. Therefore, prior to the vote on the motion to adopt the regular agenda, the presiding officer shall inquire if any Councilmember, or any member of the public with concurrence of a Councilmember wishes an item to be withdrawn from the consent agenda. If an item is withdrawn, it shall be placed at an appropriate place on the regular agenda for the current or a future meeting, to be followed by a motion to approve the regular agenda, as amended, by the item's removal from the consent agenda.

4.6 Consent agenda. The consent agenda is designed to contain items which are of a routine and non-controversial nature, including, but not limited to the following: minutes from Council, commission, and committee meetings; excused absence requests from Councilmembers; letters of resignation; approval of appropriations;

resolutions which do not involve significant policy issues; routine contracts; labor agreements; and certain administrative actions, such as consideration of banner requests and such other items as may be requested for inclusion by Council or by the City Manager and approved by Council. Any and all items on the consent agenda are approved by single motion and vote of the City Council.

4.7 Petitions, protests, and communications.

4.8 Citizen comment on non-agenda issues.

4.9 Business requiring public hearings.

4.10 Introduction and adoption of resolutions and ordinances.

4.11 Unfinished business.

4.12 New business.

4.13 Miscellaneous.

4.14 Executive session.

4.15 Adjournment. The presiding officer shall adjourn Council meetings upon the conclusion of the agenda.

5. Agenda Preparation

5.1 Preparation. The City Clerk will prepare an agenda packet for each Council meeting and work session specifying the time and place of the meeting and setting forth a brief general description of each item to be considered by the Council. The agenda is subject to review and approval by the City Manager and Mayor (or Mayor pro tempore when acting in the absence of the Mayor), either of whom may add or delete any proposed agenda item for reasons of ensuring council meeting efficiency or for reasons that are in the best interests of the City.

5.2 Placement of Agenda Items. An item may be placed on a Council meeting agenda by any of the following methods: 1) approval of the City Manager; 2) approval of the Mayor; 3) upon request of any Councilmember prior to preparation of the agenda; or 4) upon request of any Councilmember and approval by majority vote during the Councilmember Reports portion City Council meetings, in which case the item shall be placed on the agenda for the next regular Council meeting.

5.3 Completion. Agenda items will be completed by the appropriate City department staff and submitted to the City Clerk for finalizing by 10 a.m. on the Wednesday prior to the following Council meeting. The "agenda report" form will be used for all items submitted for a meeting agenda of committees, regular or special meetings, and work sessions.

5.4 Availability. An agenda shall be prepared and provided to the Council and available to the public on the Thursday prior to each meeting. Public availability shall include posting on the City website, distribution by email to an established mailing list and copies provided in the City Hall and Ellensburg Public Library lobbies.

5.5 Agenda Retention. The City Manager will prepare and keep current a calendar of agenda items for all Council regular and special meetings, work sessions, and committee meetings.

6. Comments and Debates of the Council

6.1 **Rules of Debate.** Presiding Officer May Debate and Vote. The Mayor, or such other member of the Council as may be acting as presiding officer, may move, second and debate from the chair, subject only to such limitations of debate imposed by these rules on all members. Neither the Mayor nor any Councilmember shall be deprived of any of the rights and privileges of a Councilmember by reason of his or her acting as the presiding officer.

6.2 **Getting the Floor – Improper References to be Avoided.** Every Councilmember desiring to speak shall address the presiding officer and, upon recognition, shall confine his or her comments to the question under debate, avoiding all personalities and indecorous language.

6.3 **Interruptions.** A Councilmember, once recognized, shall not be interrupted when speaking unless it is to call him or her to order, or as herein otherwise provided. If a Councilmember, while speaking, is called to order, he or she shall cease speaking until the question of order is determined, and, if in order, he or she shall be permitted to proceed.

6.4 **Courtesy.** All staff and Councilmembers during the discussion, comments, or debate of any matter or issue, shall address their remarks to the presiding officer, be courteous in their language and deportment, and shall not discuss or comment on personalities, or indulge in derogatory remarks or insinuations in respect to any other member of the Council, or any member of the staff or the public, but shall at all times confine their remarks to those facts which are germane and relevant to the question or matter under discussion.

6.5 **Privilege of Closing Debate.** The Councilmember making the motion shall have the privilege of closing the debate.

6.6 **Motion to Reconsider.** A motion to reconsider must be made by a person who voted with the majority on the principal question and must be made at the same or succeeding regular meeting. It may be seconded by any member and may be made at any time and have precedence over all other motions or while a member has the floor

and shall be debatable. Nothing herein shall be construed to prevent any member of the Council from making or remaking the same or any other motion at a subsequent meeting of the Council.

6.7 Remarks of Councilmember – When Entered in Minutes.

A Councilmember may request, through the presiding officer, the privilege of having an abstract of his or her statement on any subject under consideration by the Council entered in the minutes. If the Council consents to the request, the statement shall be entered in the minutes.

6.8 Synopsis of Debate – When Entered in Minutes. The Clerk may be directed by the presiding officer, with consent of the Council, to enter a synopsis of the discussion on any question coming before the Council into the minutes.

7. Duties and Privileges of Citizens

7.1 Meeting Participation and Addressing the Council. Members of the public are welcome at all Council meetings and are encouraged to provide comments and testimony on matters including agenda items, non-agenda items, and public hearings prior to the deliberations of the Council. Any person desiring to address the Council shall adhere to the rules below:

- a. Speakers may not identify themselves as candidates for elective public office or make any statements which assist or discuss the campaign of a candidate for elective office or discuss or campaign for or against a ballot proposition.
- b. All remarks shall be addressed to the Council as a body and not to any individual member thereof. No question shall be asked of a Councilmember or staff except through the presiding officer.
- c. Prior to speaking, members of the public shall first obtain recognition by the presiding officer by raising their hand for in-person attendance and "virtual hand" if remotely attending the meeting, and once recognized shall state their name, whether they live in the City of Ellensburg, Kittitas County, or elsewhere, and whether they are speaking as an individual or in a representative capacity. An address may be required when providing public comment for specific instances when needed for staff to contact the speaker, such as public hearings.
- d. When addressing the Council, members of the public are urged to speak in an audible and articulate tone of voice for the record.

7.2 Public Comment on Matters Before the Council. Members of the public may address the Council on any matter which concerns the City's business or over which the Council has control during the comment portion of the agenda item subject to the following:

- a. Agenda Items.
 - 1. Members of the public may comment on items on the City Council agenda which are not adjudicatory or administrative in nature.

2. Members of the public shall limit their remarks to three (3) minutes unless additional time is granted by the presiding officer.

b. Non-Agenda Items.

1. Members of the public wishing to speak are requested to sign a register maintained by the City Clerk in advance of the Council meeting or raise their “virtual hand,” as directed, if attending the meeting remotely.

2. Members of the public may address the Council on any matter not on the agenda which concerns the City’s business or over which the Council has control.

3. Members of the public shall limit their remarks to three (3) minutes. Time may not be shared between members of the public in order to speak longer than three (3) minutes each.

4. No action will be taken by the Council at the meeting during which the subject is introduced.

c. Public Hearings.

1. For legislative hearings, any member of the public may comment or provide testimony.

2. For quasi-judicial or appeal hearings, comments will be limited to persons who participated in the proceedings prior to the City Council public hearing, as established by the record below.

3. Members of the public shall limit their remarks to five (5) minutes unless additional time is granted by the presiding officer.

d. “Out of Order” Comments and Enforcement. Any person engaging in conduct that disrupts, disturbs or otherwise impedes the orderly conduct of the Council meeting, including but not limited to: unduly repetitive or irrelevant remarks; use of intimidating, threatening, or abusive language; disobedience of an order to be seated or to discontinue further comments; and/or engaging in violent behavior, will be deemed out of order and may, at the discretion of the presiding officer or upon a majority vote of the Council, be removed from the Council Chamber and/or have his or her virtual

microphone muted.

7.3 Written Communications. Interested parties, or their authorized representatives, may address the Council through written communications, including email, in regard to matters under discussion. Communication should be directed to the City Clerk or to Councilmembers directly.

7.4 Designation of Sergeant-at-Arms. The presiding officer may designate the Chief of Police or such member of members of the Police Department as a Sergeant-at-Arms for the purpose of maintaining order and decorum at Council meetings. The Sergeant-at-Arms shall carry out all orders and instructions given by the presiding officer for the purpose of maintaining order and decorum at the Council meetings.

8. Council Actions. The following actions may be considered at Council meetings:

8.1 **Ordinances.** "Ordinances" are legislative acts or local laws. They are the most permanent and binding form of Council action and may be changed or repealed only by a subsequent ordinance.

8.2 **Resolutions.** "Resolutions" are adopted to express Council policy or to direct certain types of administrative action. They have the same effect as a motion, but in a written form. A resolution may be changed by adoption of a subsequent resolution.

8.3 **Motions.** "Motions" are official Council actions which do not require prior documentation in writing. They often are the Council authorizing action (e.g., signing an agreement by the Mayor) or to provide direction to staff to prepare an item for future consideration.

8.4 **Protests of Council Action.** Any Councilmember shall have the right to have the reasons for his or her dissent from, or protest against, any action of the Council entered in the minutes.

9. Ordinances, Resolutions and Motions.

9.1 **Preparation of Ordinances.** All ordinances shall either be prepared by the City Attorney or submitted to the him or her for review prior to presentation to the Council.

9.2 **Prior Review by Administrative Staff.** All ordinances and contract documents shall, before presentation to the Council, have been approved as to form and legality by the City Attorney and shall have been reviewed for administration by the City Manager or the Manager's authorized representative, where there are substantive matters of administration involved.

9.3 Introducing for Passage or Approval.

a. Ordinances, resolutions, and other matters or subjects requiring action by the Council must be introduced and sponsored by a member of the Council; provided, however, such items may be presented to the Council by the City Manager or City Attorney, or such City staff as may be designated by the City Manager. Any Councilmember may assume sponsorship of an item of business submitted by the City Manager or City Attorney by moving that it be introduced; otherwise, the item shall not be considered.

b. No ordinance shall be put on its final passage on the same day on which it was introduced unless this rule is waived as provided by Rule 9.7 and not otherwise prohibited by state law from final passage in a single meeting. Where such a motion to waive this Rule 9.3(b), as provided in Rule 9.7, is approved, the ordinance may then be adopted through a single reading followed by a roll call vote.

c. All ordinances shall have two separate readings, each of which readings may be accomplished by a reading of the title paragraph only: provided, however, any or all of the readings may be required to be accomplished by a reading of the full text of the proposed ordinance if the rules are waived as provided by Rule 9.7 to require such readings of the full text. When such a reading of the full text is required, upon a vote of a majority of the Council members present, it shall not be necessary to read excessive detail set forth in a particular ordinance, including but not limited to legal

descriptions of land areas, and in lieu thereof an oral statement summarizing the contents so omitted may be made by the presiding officer, or by the City Clerk or other recording secretary if so directed by the presiding officer.

d. No ordinance shall relate to more than one subject and that subject shall be clearly summarized in its title paragraph. No ordinance or section thereof, or City Code section, shall be amended unless the title paragraph of the amendatory ordinance indicates that the ordinance, or a part thereof, is amendatory.

e. The vote on amendments to a proposed ordinance may occur at any time prior to its final adoption; provided, that in the case of any ordinance which under state law cannot be adopted at the same meeting in which it is introduced, the ordinance as amended shall not be finally voted upon until the next regular council meeting.

f. All ordinances introduced for the purpose of amending, in whole or in part, any existing City Code title, chapter, section, or subsection, shall state the number of such provisions, together with a reference to the ordinance or ordinances and the sections thereof from which the code provisions were most recently codified. Any such amendatory ordinances shall state how the pertinent City Code provisions shall be amended to read thereafter, and any so stated amended language of any such code provisions shall be deemed and shall constitute sufficient compliance with any other statutory or ordinance requirement that all ordinances, or sections or subsections thereof be set forth in full.

9.4 **Resolution.** A resolution may be approved on the same day it is introduced. While it is not necessary to have the title of a resolution read aloud, Council may invoke the two reading procedures described above to facilitate public understanding and/or comment on the resolution. If Council invokes the two reading procedures, a Councilmember may request that the entire resolution or certain sections be read, and such request shall be granted and the City Clerk shall read as requested.

9.5 **Voting and Motions.**

a. Consensus Voice Votes. When a formal motion is not required on a

Council action or opinion, a consensus voice vote will be taken except that any Councilmember may require the vote of each Councilmember be recorded. The presiding officer will state the action or opinion. The Council as a group will indicate concurrence or non-concurrence. Silence of a Councilmember during a voice vote shall be recorded as a vote with the prevailing side, except where such a Councilmember abstains because of a stated conflict of interest or appearance of fairness.

b. **Motions.** No motion shall be entertained or debated until duly seconded and announced by the presiding officer. The motion shall be recorded and, if desired by any Councilmember, it shall be read by the Clerk before it is debated and, by the consent of the Council, may be withdrawn at any time before action is taken on the motion.

c. **Votes on Motions.** Each member present shall vote or abstain on all questions put to the Council except on matters in which he or she has a conflict of interest. If a conflict of interest exists for a councilmember, such member shall announce their conflict and abstention from voting prior to any discussion of the matter, and shall be prohibited from participating in discussion of the matter. A roll call vote shall be taken on the adoption of all ordinances and on motions to suspend rules. The order of voting shall be alphabetically according to the surnames of the Council members, except that the presiding officer shall vote last.

d. **Abstention from Vote.** Any Councilmember who abstains from voting will not have his or her abstention counted or tallied with the votes of the Council on the question or matter under consideration, which must pass by a majority of those Councilmembers who voted.

9.6 **Filing with Clerk.** All reports, petitions, ordinances and resolutions shall be filed with the Clerk and entered into the minutes.

9.7 **Waiver of Rules/Effect.** Except as otherwise provided by law, any rule established by this chapter may be waived upon an affirmative vote of five members of the City Council. No action taken by a Councilmember or by the Council, which is not in compliance with these rules but which is otherwise lawful, shall invalidate such

Councilmember's or Council action, or be deemed a violation of the oath of office, misfeasance or malfeasance. These rules do not grant rights or privileges to members of the public or third parties.

10. Creation of Committees, Boards and Commissions.

10.1 Citizen Committees, Boards and Commissions. The Council may create committees, boards and commissions to assist in the conduct of the operation of city government with such duties as the Council may specify consistent with the Ellensburg City Code.

10.2 Types of Committees. There shall be two types of committees in the City of Ellensburg:

a. Standing Committees. Such committees are established to conduct business delegated by the legislative body and may be authorized by either state statute or city ordinance. An example would be the Utility Advisory Committee.

b. Citizen Advisory Committees. Such committees are formed to promote citizen participation on a particular subject and provide guidance on community views on a subject.

c. Special Committees. All special committees shall be appointed by the presiding officer, unless otherwise directed by the Council.

10.3 Membership and Selection. Membership and selection of members shall be as provided by the Council if not specified otherwise in the Ellensburg City Code or state law. The Mayor makes all other appointments, subject to confirmation by the City Council, at an open public meeting. No committee so appointed shall have powers other than advisory to the Council or to the Mayor except as otherwise specified in the Ellensburg City Code or state law. City Council seeks to create diverse and inclusive committees, boards and commissions, and strives to ensure that such committees, boards and commissions are representative of the entire Ellensburg community.

10.4 Attendance.

a. An aggregate of five absences for any committee, board or commission member per calendar year will be permitted. An excess of five unexcused

absences may result in the member forfeiting his or her office, subject to the provisions of Rule 10.5.

b. No more than three consecutive member unexcused absences from regularly scheduled meetings will be permitted, with any excess absences resulting in potential forfeiture of office, subject to the provisions of Rule 10.5, unless such consecutive absences are excused by the board or commission in an open public meeting.

10.5 Removal of Members of Committees, Boards and Commissions. A committee, board or commission may, by majority vote, recommend to the city council that an appointed member be removed for reasons stated in Rule 10.4 or any other reasonable grounds that include, but are not limited to inefficiency, neglect of duty, or an unlawful act. Council shall consider the recommendation as provided in ECC 1.12.060.

10.6 Formal Reports of Committee, Boards and Commission. All committees, boards and commissions shall make their formal reports in writing.

10.7 Council Liaisons to Committees, Boards and Commissions.

a. Councilmembers may be assigned as liaisons to City Committees, Boards and Commissions on a voluntary basis.

b. Council liaisons shall serve for the purpose of providing a constructive relationship between the City Council and the advisory body without implying direction, review, or oversight of the activities of the advisory body. In general, liaisons should not participate in committee, board or commission meetings where they serve a liaison, and must exercise particular care when attending quasi-judicial public hearings to avoid an Appearance of Fairness doctrine violation.

c. This Rule shall not limit a Councilmember's full participation as a member of a committee, board or commission that was not created by the City.

10.8 Hybrid Meetings. Unless otherwise prohibited by legislative or governor's proclamation/order, or other emergency order, all committee, board and commission meetings shall be held both in-person at a City-owned facility and hosted remotely through videoconferencing technology. Committee, board and commission

members shall be allowed to any meeting remotely as provided in ECC 1.12.100. Committee, board or commission members attending a meeting remotely must keep their video camera turned on during the meeting unless they are unable to do so because of technical infeasibility (e.g., poor or no internet connection, no video camera available, etc.).

11. Internet & Electronic Resources – Equipment Use.

11.1 Policy. It is the policy of the City Council that Internet and electronic resources equipment use by Councilmembers shall conform to and be consistent with the requirements of City of Ellensburg Personnel Policies Manual Section 9.6, "COMPUTER SYSTEM, INTERNET AND E-MAIL USE POLICIES," adopted hereby and incorporated herein by this reference.

11.2 Use of Electronic Communication and Internet during Council Meetings. Councilmembers will avoid accessing, responding to, or sending any electronic message (text, e-mail, instant message, social media etc.) during Council meetings, whether such communication involves a citizen or other Councilmember. Such communication could be construed as inviting or receiving public comment, or engaging in a non-public discussion, regarding Council business, which should be conducted in an open meeting. Likewise, Councilmembers will avoid any browsing of the Internet of non-City business during Council meetings in order that Council's full attention can be given to the topic at hand.

11.3 Public Records. All letters, memoranda, interactive computer communication or other forms of electronic communication involving City Councilmembers and members of advisory boards and commissions, the subject of which relates to the conduct of government or the performance of any governmental function, with exceptions stated by the Public Records Act (Ch. 42.56 RCW), are public records.

11.4 Open Public Meetings. In most cases, the Washington Open Public Meetings Act (OPMA) applies to electronic communications, which can include e-mail, instant messaging, texting or other methods that allow electronic interaction. Interactive e-mail or text discussions among a quorum of a governing body, whether shared concurrently or serially, regarding a matter which will come to the body for a vote is a "meeting" under the OPMA. The same result would apply to an interactive discussion among a quorum of Councilmembers conducted in any electronic format. Further, electronic communication should not be used to form a collective decision of the

Council.

11.5 Public Records and Open Public Meetings Act Training. All newly elected or appointed Councilmembers shall complete basic training in public records and the Open Public Meetings Act (OPMA) within 90 days of taking the oath of office. Refresher training must be taken no later than every four years thereafter.

11.6 The Appearance of Fairness Doctrine. The Appearance of Fairness Doctrine applies if an electronic communication to or from the Mayor or Councilmembers relates to a quasi-judicial matter that will come before Council for a decision (e.g., appeals from land use hearing examiner decisions). As with any ex parte communication about a quasi-judicial matter, the Mayor or Councilmember who receives the e-mail should:

- a. Advise the sender that on advice of the City Attorney, he or she may not comment outside a public meeting on a pending matter before Council and that the sender's e-mail will be included in the public record on the matter.
- b. Immediately forward the communication to the City Manager for inclusion in the public record of the matter.
- c. Disclose on the record in the public hearing or meeting on the matter that the communication has been received and is in the record.

11.7 Electronic Communications.

a. Electronic communication should be used cautiously when seeking legal advice or to discuss matters of pending litigation or other confidential City business. In general, electronic communication is discoverable in litigation, and even deleted electronic communication is not necessarily removed from the system. Confidential electronic communications should not be shared with individuals other than the intended recipients, or the attorney-client privilege protecting the document from disclosure may be waived.

b. As a cautionary note, if an elected public official uses his or her personal home computer to send electronic communications dealing with City business, the electronic communications and electronic records may be subject to discovery

demands and public disclosure requests. That possibility amplifies the need for caution in how one uses electronic communication for City business.